# The 1996 Users Guide to Chesapeake Bay Program Biological and Living Resources Monitoring Data

Chesapeake Bay Program

September 1996

# Chesapeake Bay Program

The Chesapeake Bay Program is a unique regional partnership leading and directing restoration of Chesapeake Bay since 1983. The Chesapeake Bay Program partners include the states of Maryland, Pennsylvania, and Virginia; the District of Columbia; the Chesapeake Bay Commission, a tri-state legislative body; the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, which represents the federal government; and participating citizen advisory groups.

In the 1987 Chesapeake Bay Agreement, Chesapeake Bay Program partners set a goal to reduce the nutrients nitrogen and phosphorus entering the Bay by 40% by the year 2000. In the 1992 Amendments to the Chesapeake Bay Agreement, partners agreed to maintain the 40% goal beyond the year 2000 and to attack nutrients at their source - upstream in the tributaries. The Executive Council guided the restoration effort in 1993 with five directives addressing key areas of the restoration, including the tributaries, toxics, underwater grasses, fish passages, and agricultural nonpoint source pollution. In 1994, partners outlined initiatives for habitat restoration in the Bay's tributaries; and toxics reductions, with an emphasis on pollution prevention.

Since its inception, the Chesapeake Bay Program's highest priority has been the restoration of the Bay's living resources - its finfish, shellfish, bay grasses, and other aquatic life and wildlife. Improvements include fisheries and habitat restoration, recovery of bay grasses, nutrient reductions, and significant advances in estuarine science.

# The 1996 Users Guide to Chesapeake Bay Program Biological and Living Resources Monitoring Data

September 1996

# Prepared for

United States Environmental Protection Agency Chesapeake Bay Program Office 410 Severn Avenue Annapolis, Maryland 21403

by

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Printed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency for the Chesapeake Bay Program EPA 903R 96-007 CBP/TRS 149/96

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Development of *The 1996 Users Guide to Chesapeake Bay Program Biological and Living Resources Monitoring Data* was supported by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (Contract CB-993038-02-0) and the Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin, an interstate compact river basin commission whose signatories are the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Maryland, Virginia, Pennsylvania, West Virginia and the District of Columbia.

#### **SUMMARY**

This document describes how to access biological monitoring data at the Chesapeake Bay Program (CBP) Data Center in Annapolis, Maryland. It provides information on:

- *currently* available and soon-to-be-released CBP databases;
- how to obtain biological and living resources monitoring data online from the CBP's CHESIE computer, online from the CBP Internet Home Page, online from other Home Pages, or directly from the Biological Monitoring Data Manager;
- the semi-relational database structure used for biological and living resources monitoring data, including field names and attributes; and
- data dictionary tables.
  - WATCH FOR DOCUMENT UPDATES AS NEW DATA SETS BECOME AVAILABLE

# Currently Available Databases

Phytoplankton, Zooplankton and Benthos

Much of the phytoplankton, zooplankton (includes microzooplankton, mesozooplankton, jellyfish and ctenophores) and benthos monitoring data and data documentation for Maryland and Virginia from 1984 to 1995 can now be obtained directly from CHESIE by individuals with user accounts or from the Biological Monitoring Data Manager. Historical plankton and benthic data sets and the District of Columbia plankton monitoring data are currently being placed on CHESIE. All data are in standardized, semi-relational databases and are compatible with the CBP water quality databases (BayStats). They are a) available as comma delimited, ASCII flat files; b) available from the Data Manager as dBASE (\*.DBF) files; and c) can be converted to SAS data sets from the ASCII flat files with conversion scripts available on-line or from the Data Manager.

Benthos data sets for 1984 through 1995 are available in comma delimited, ASCII flat files on the Internet at the Chesapeake Bay Program Home Page. Other data are being added.

# Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV)

Data and documentation for the annual Chesapeake Bay Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Aerial Survey are generated and managed by the Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences (VIMS). Data is maintained as Geographic Information System (GIS) Data Layers and are available from the VIMS Internet Home Page. Pointers on the CBP Home Page direct users to the VIMS Home Page for the SAV data.

Data and documentation for the Maryland Department of Natural Resources Trends in Distribution and Abundance of Submerged Aquatic Vegetation can now be obtained directly from CHESIE by individuals with user accounts or from the Biological Monitoring Data Manager. The data are currently being made available "as is" in the original SAS data files.

#### Soon-To-Be-Released Databases

#### Mammals, Turtles, and Birds

The Maryland Marine Mammal and Sea Turtle Standings data and the Annual Chesapeake Bay Midwinter Waterfowl Survey are expected to be available on CHESIE by the Fall of 1996. State distribution rights/costs issues need to be resolved for other aquatic bird surveys before they can be made available on CHESIE.

## Finfish and Blue Crabs

The Biological Monitoring Data Manager is working with staff of the Maryland Department of Natural Resources, the Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences and the NOAA Chesapeake Bay Office this year to obtain, reformat and document as needed, and make available a) the Maryland and Virginia juvenile seine surveys and trawl surveys, and b) the Blue Crab Winter Dredge Survey data.

Summary statistics for the Virginia juvenile seine survey are presently available through the VIMS Internet Home Page. Pointers on the CBP Home Page direct users to the VIMS Home Page for these data.

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# THE 1996 USERS GUIDE TO CHESAPEAKE BAY PROGRAM BIOLOGICAL AND LIVING RESOURCES MONITORING DATA

#### INTRODUCTION

The 1996 Users Guide is intended to aid the Bay community in effectively accessing and using biological monitoring data collected in Chesapeake Bay and its tidal tributaries. The 1996 Guide describes all biological and living resources databases currently available in standardized, Chesapeake Bay Program structures and formats ("CBP databases"). It describes where the data reside and how to obtain them. Future versions will include guidance for obtaining indicators and summary statistics derived from the monitoring data.

#### Chesapeake Bay Program Data Center

The Chesapeake Bay Program (CBP) presently maintains a Data Center at its office in Annapolis, Maryland. The purpose of the Data Center is to provide data management and technical support to program participants in order to accomplish the goals agreed on by the Chesapeake Executive Council. The Data Center manages the computer hardware and software of the office, provides user support for these computer resources, acquires and stores data sets, and provides data analysis support for Bay Program activities. Recipients of Data Center services are the CBP subcommittees, Bay Program managers, and the watershed's scientific community and stakeholders.

The current CBP information management system is centrally located on a variety of controlled platforms at the Chesapeake Bay Program Office. The majority of data used by the CBP are distributed across these platforms, although a few geographically distributed platforms and data sets are included. The primary information and data analysis system is a-DEC Alpha 3800 Computer running an Open-VMS operating system. This system is referred to as CHESIE. Other high level computing needs are meet with a variety of SUN, Data General, and Alpha PC workstations running UNIX operating systems. Normal computer needs are met with the multiple networked IBM and Macintosh personal computers on site.

A menu-driven software package entitled CHESSEE is currently on the CHESIE computer. It is an information retrieval program designed to give users data documentation files about selected water quality and toxic pollutant monitoring data available from the Data Center. A relational database engine will be chosen in 1996 and configured to allow all monitoring databases at the Data Center to be related and accessed.

# Types of Data

Five different kinds of data are collected, used or generated by the Chesapeake Bay-Program and its participants. These types of data are described in the 1996 USEPA Chesapeake Bay Program document "Chesapeake Bay Program Information Management Requirements and Recommendations, version 1.0" (Contract Number 01-08833-07-3872-005).

- Raw Data Original field sampling and laboratory results
- Primary Data Information submitted and exchanged "as is" by data providers
- Chesapeake Bay Program Data Information reviewed (e.g. QA/QC) and processed to Chesapeake Bay Program standards and specifications
- Analyzed Data Summary results from data analysis
- Indicators Data Highly summarized data designed to tell a story about the health of the Bay

"Raw data" are collected and managed offsite by the data originators - typically a monitoring program - and are not available from the Data Center. "Primary data" are the data sets delivered to the CBP Data Center by the data originators. Many are currently available from the Data Center "as is" with their existing documentation. A long-term goal of the CBP is to work with the data originators to produce primary data sets that meet or come close to CBP standards and specifications, and to deemphasize use of primary data in favor of "Chesapeake Bay Program data."

"Chesapeake Bay Program data" are in databases directly compatible with other CBP databases such as the existing water quality monitoring data available in CBP BAYSTATS and the CBP Toxics Database. Biological and living resources point data become CBP data after they are placed in uniform, semi-relational database structures, with indexing fields or information. The data are rigorously checked for duplicate fields, outliers, erroneous data, and other errors, and problems in the data are resolved with the data providers. Biological and living resources point data in CBP database structures are presently stored as comma delimited, ASCII flat files on CHESIE. They will eventually be directly accessible through the CBP Internet Home Page as well.

An effort is presently underway to create and make available databases of derived information consisting of analyzed data and biological indicators. The information is calculated from biological and living resources CBP databases using accepted algorithms or GIS (Geographical Information System) methods. These forms of the data are expected to be most useful to CBP participants and resource managers.

#### Distributed Databases

The Chesapeake Bay Program is developing a system of distributed databases as a result of the rapid expansion of the Internet and the advancement of data management practices. In the system envisioned, a CBP database would be created and managed by the data originator, reside with the data originator, and made directly available from the data originator's institution on an Internet server. This system has several advantages over a single data repository. Primarily, the people with the most expertise and knowledge about the data - the data originators - are managing the data. Additional advantages include reduced costs due to elimination of intermediate data handling at a central repository, and decreased time between collection and release of the data.

#### CURRENTLY AVAILABLE CBP DATA FILES

#### Point Data

Most of the 1984 - 1994 phytoplankton, zooplankton and benthos monitoring data for the Maryland and Virginia CBP monitoring programs are currently on CHESIE as CBP databases. Data for 1995 are available as CBP databases from the Biological Monitoring Data Manager. The benthos and Primary Production CBP databases can also be found on the CBP Internet Home Page and the other plankton databases are scheduled to be placed on the web shortly. Plankton and benthos data sets are currently submitted by the monitoring program Principal Investigators in structures very close to the CBP standardized, semi-relational database structure. The Biological Monitoring Data Manager at the Data Center (see "CBP Data Center Contacts" below) rigorously QA/QC's the data, finishes carrying them into the CBP database structure, and updates the data document provided. The data are in comma delimited, ASCII flat files in single calendar year blocks. Files in dBASE (\*.DBF) are available on request and scripts to convert the ASCII files into SAS files will be on-line soon.

Selected historical benthos files in CBP database structures and submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) files in their original SAS files are available on CHESIE. The benthos data files were assembled Dr. Robert Diaz and staff at the Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences. The Maryland SAV ground survey data were provided to the Bay Program several years ago by the Maryland Department of Natural Resources.

# Data in the directory LRDATA:[LR.PUBLIC] include:

- Phytoplankton taxonomic counts
- Primary productivity (C14)
- Vertical and horizontal *insitu* fluorescence
- Microzooplankton taxonomic counts
- Mesozooplankton taxonomic counts
- Mesozooplankton measured and estimated biomass
- Gelatinous zooplankton measured biovolume
- Benthos taxonomic counts
- Benthos measured biomass
- Sediment data (collected simultaneously with benthos samples)
- Bottom water quality data (collected simultaneously with benthos samples)
- Submerged aquatic vegetation biomass as measured by volume displacement, % crown cover, species idenfications and coverages, and ancillary water quality data

Files associated with these data files in the relational database system are:

- Various event files (contain information on station name, latitude, longitude, and depth; sample volume; sample time; salinity zone; pycnocline depth; tide stage, etc.)
- Chesapeake Bay species codes file (NODC code, Taxonomic Serial Number, and individual agency codes)

Database structures (i.e. field names, definitions and attributes) for the currently available CBP standardized data files are provided in Appendix A and online with the data files. A list of possible CBP field names for biological and living resources data, and their definitions and units, are provided in Appendix B. Appendix C contains definitions of the parameter codes used in the databases.

# Phytoplankton Abundance

Maryland Phytoplankton Taxonomic Count Files (and Related Event Files). Data have been collected at fixed sampling stations in the upper Chesapeake Bay, Maryland tributaries and the Potomac River since July 1984. Sampling was coordinated with the CBP water quality surveys. The data through December of 1995 are available on CHESIE. Count files are for single calendar years and include taxonomic identifications of species. Data were collected by the Academy of Natural Sciences Benedict Estuarine Research Center through the Maryland Department of the Environment/Maryland Department of Natural Resources.

Virginia Phytoplankton Taxonomic Count Files (and Related Event Files). Data for the lower Chesapeake Bay and the Virginia tributaries have been collected at fixed sampling stations since July 1985 (Chesapeake Bay mainstem), July 1986 (tributaries), and January 1989 (Elizabeth River). Sampling was coordinated with the CBP water quality surveys. Data through 1995 is available on CHESIE. Count files are for single calendar years and include taxonomic identifications of species and conversion factors for biomass estimation. Data were collected by Old Dominion University through the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality.

# **Primary Productivity**

Maryland Carbon-14 Primary Production Files (and Related Event Files). Data have been collected at fixed sampling stations in the upper Chesapeake Bay, Maryland tributaries and the Potomac River since July 1984. Sampling was coordinated with the CBP water quality surveys. The data through December of 1995 are available on CHESIE and the CBPO Home Page. Data files are for single calendar years and includes precision measurements of primary photosynthetic production. Data were collected by the Academy of Natural Sciences Benedict Estuarine Research Center through Maryland Department of the Environment / Maryland Department of Natural Resources.

Virginia Carbon-14 Primary Production Files (and Related Event Files). Data were collected at fixed sampling stations in the Chesapeake Bay mainstem since January 1989 in Virginia tributaries since July 1996, and in the Elizabeth River since January 1989. Sampling was coordinated with the CBP water quality surveys. Data through December 1995 are available on CHESIE and the CBP Home Page. Data files are for single calendar years and include precision measurements of primary photosynthetic production. Data prior to 1995 lacks concurrent measurement of chlorophyll *a* for determination of assimilation ratio (production efficiency). Data were collected by Old Dominion University through the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality.

<u>Fluorescence</u> (Note: These data sets are the only exception to the relational data structure format. Each file contains both instrument readings and event information for single calendar years.)

Maryland Vertical Fluorescence Profiles. Surface to bottom fluorescence measurements have been made at fixed sampling stations in the upper Chesapeake Bay, Maryland tributaries and the Potomac River since July 1984. Sampling was coordinated with the CBP water quality surveys. The data through December of 1995 are available on CHESIE. Files contain calculated values of chlorophyll *a.* Data were collected by the Academy of Natural Sciences Benedict Estuarine Research Center through Maryland Department of the Environment / Maryland Department of Natural Resources.

Virginia Vertical Fluorescence Profiles. Surface to bottom *insitu* fluorescence measurements were conducted at fixed sampling stations in the lower Chesapeake Bay and some Virginia tributaries since 1990. Sampling was coordinated with the CBP water quality surveys. Data for the tributaries were collected by Old Dominion University through Virginia Department of Environmental Quality and have not been completely delivered to the CBP Data Center. Data for the bay mainstem prior to January 1995 was collected by the Virginia Institute for Marine Science and will be available shortly from the Data Center pending processing.

Maryland Horizontal Fluorescence Transects. Insitu fluorescence measurements were taken along surface transects between monitoring stations in the upper Chesapeake Bay and some Maryland tributaries since 1984, and between monitoring stations in the Potomac River since 1989. Sampling was coordinated with the CBP water quality surveys. Data through December 1995 are available on CHESIE. Data files contain calculated values of chlorophyll a. Note: Sampling sites along all transects except those in the Potomac were extrapolated from the time-of-travel and the known distance between stations. Potomac transect sites were measured with a Loran receiver. See Data Documentation for details. Data were collected by the Academy of Natural Sciences Benedict Estuarine Research Center through the Maryland Department of the Environment/Maryland Department of Natural Resources.

Virginia Horizontal Fluorescence Transects. Insitu fluorescence measurements were taken along surface transects between monitoring stations in the lower Chesapeake Bay and some Virginia tributaries since 1990. Sampling was coordinated with the CBP water quality monitoring surveys. Data for the tributaries were collected by Old Dominion University through Virginia Department of Environmental Quality and have not been completely delivered to the CBP Data Center. Data for the bay mainstem prior to January 1995 were collected by the Virginia Institute for Marine Science and will be available shortly from the Data Center pending processing. Note: In some cases sampling site postions were not determined with G.P.S. or Loran receivers and latitude/longitude values in the files will be extrapolated from the time-of-travel and the known distance between stations. See data documentation files for details.

# **Microzooplankton**

Maryland Microzooplankton Count Files (and Related Event Files). Data have been collected at fixed sampling stations in the upper Chesapeake Bay, Maryland tributaries and the Potomac River since July 1984. Sampling was coordinated with the CBP water quality surveys. Data through December 1995 are available on CHESIE. Count files are for single calendar years and include taxonomic identifications of species. Data were collected by the Academy of Natural Sciences Benedict Estuarine Research Center through the Maryland Department of the Environment/Maryland Department of Natural Resources.

Virginia Microzooplankton Count Files (and Related Event Files). Data were collected at fixed sampling stations in the lower Chesapeake Bay and the Virginia tributaries, including Elizabeth River since July 1993. Sampling was coordinated with the CBP water quality surveys. Data through December 1995 are available on CHESIE. Count files are for single calendar years and include identifications of general taxonomic groups. Data were collected by Old Dominion University through the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality.

# Mesozooplankton and Gelatinous Zooplankton

Maryland Zooplankton Count, Biomass and Biovolume Files (and Related Event Files). Data have been collected at fixed sampling stations in the upper Chesapeake Bay, Maryland tributaries and the Potomac River since July 1984. Sampling was coordinated with the CBP water quality surveys. Data through December of 1995 are available on CHESIE. Count files are for single calendar years and include taxonomic identifications of mesozooplankton (>202μ) species, actual or estimated measurements of mesozooplankton biomass, and measurements of gelatinous zooplankton biovolumes. Data were collected by Versar, Incorporated, through the Maryland Department of the Environment/Maryland Department of Natural Resources.

Virginia Zooplankton Count and Biovolume Files (and Related Event Files). Data were collected at fixed sampling stations in the lower mainstem since July 1985, at tributary stations since July 1986, and in the Elizabeth River since January 1989. Sampling was coordinated with the CBP water quality surveys. Mesozooplankton (>202µ) count files are for single calendar years and include taxonomic identifications of species. Biovolume data was collected sporadically from 1985-1995 and is available in a single file. Data files are currently being resubmitted to the Data Center, please contact the Biological Data Manager for details. Data were collected by Old Dominion University through the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality.

#### **Benthos**

Maryland Benthic Count, Biomass, and Sediment and Bottom Water Analyses Files (and Related Event Files). Data have been collected at fixed sampling stations in the upper Chesapeake Bay, Maryland tributaries and the Potomac River since July 1984. Sampling was not coordinated with the CBP water quality surveys. Data through December of 1995 are available on CHESIE and the CBPO Home page. Files include detailed taxonomic identifications and counts of species, determination of sample biomass, sediment analysis and hydrographic profiles. The protocol for selection of sampling stations, collection gear and methods of biomass analysis has changed over the ten years of the monitoring program. Please see the Data Documentation for details. Data were collected by Versar, Incorporated, through the Maryland Department of the Environment/Maryland Department of Natural Resources.

Virginia Benthic Count, Biomass, and Sediment and Bottom Water Analyses Files (and Related Event Files). Data were collected at fixed sampling stations in the lower Chesapeake Bay and its Virginia tributaries since July 1985 and in the Elizabeth River monitoring data since January 1989. Sampling is done quarterly and separately from the regular CBP water quality surveys. Locations of the sampling stations deviate slightly from those in CBP water quality and plankton monitoring program. The files include taxonomic identifications and counts of species, biomass determinations, sediment analysis and hydrographic profiles. Data through December of 1995 are available on CHESIE and the CBPO Home Page. Data were collected by Old Dominion University through the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality.

Historic Benthic Count, Sediment and Bottom Water Analyses Files (and Related Event File). Data were collected at fixed sampling stations in Chesapeake Bay and some of its tributaries prior to 1984. These data complement and enhance the ongoing CBP benthic monitoring programs which began in 1984. In all cases, the raw data from these studies are kept by the authors. Dr. Robert Diaz, Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences, reformatted the following data sets to the CBP database structure:

•	Piney Point, Potomac River	1975	Virnstein & Boesch, 1975
•	Possum Point, Potomac River	1977-78	Ecological Analysts, 1979
•	Tangier Island, Chesapeake Bay	1975	Orth & Boesch, 1975
•	Amoco Refinery, Lower York River	1977	Hinde, 1981
•	Thimble Shoals, Chesapeake Bay	1981	Hobbs et al., 1985
•	Warwick River, James River	1975-76	Diaz & Boesch, 1976
•	Hampton Roads to Richmond,		
	James River	1981	Schaffner et al., 1987

The studies were combined into single files for taxon counts, sediment water analysis, bottom water analysis and event information because of their small size. These related data sets are available on CHESIE.

# Submerged Aquatic Vegetation

Maryland Department of Natural Resources Trends in Distribution and Abundance of Submerged Aquatic Vegetation. Ground surveys of SAV were conducted periodically between 1971 and 1983 in the Chesapeake Bay mainstern between Susquehanna Flats and Smith Island. Additionally, regular surveys of SAV were conducted in the Potomac River between 1984 and 1986. Survey information includes SAV biomass as measured by volume displacement, percent crown cover, species identifications and coverages, depth, salinity, surface temperature, and secchi depth. The data have not been converted to a CBP database structure and are available on CHESIE as the original SAS files.

# GIS (Geographical Information System) Data

Several types of biological, living resources and habitat coverages are available by contacting the Living Resources GIS Specialists (see "CBP Data Center Contacts"). The coverages are listed below. They are available as uncompressed Arc Info export files. Detailed information about the coverages can be provided by the Living Resources GIS Specialists.

## **Oysters**

- Virginia's Public Oyster Grounds and Privately Leased Oyster Grounds
- Virginia's Oyster and Aquatic Reef Restoration Sites
- Maryland's Legal Oyster Bed Boundaries
- Maryland's Aquatic Reef Restoration Sites
- Yates Survey for Maryland

# Fish, Fisheries and Fish Passage

- Recreational fishing areas in Maryland
- Commercial fishing areas in Maryland
- Miscellaneous low resolution stream reach files
- Pennsylvania Phase I & II migratory fish passage blockages

# **Submerged Aquatic Vegetation**

- Historical surveys for 1971, 1974, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1985, 1986, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993 and 1994 (coverages are not bay-wide until 1978)
- Tier I coverage (all areas historically supporting SAV from 1971 1990)
- Tier III (old "hand drawn" coverage that will be updated with new bathymetry layer)
- SAV bed perimeter, area and density

#### Habitat

 Pennsylvania stream habitat survey data for selected streams in the lower Susquehanna watershed

# LIVING RESOURCES AND BIOLOGICAL MONITORING DATABASES AVAILABLE FROM OTHER SOURCES

The Chesapeake Bay Program partners are working together to developing a system of distributed databases to better utilize the rapid expansion of the Internet and the advancement of data management practices. In the envisioned distributed database system, data will be collected, managed and maintained by the data originator. The data access is provided via the data originator's Internet server. One distributed database presently exists for CBP data: the Bay Program funded Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Aerial Survey. Other distributed databases are in various stages of development by CBP participants, including the completed database of summary statistics and indices for the Virginia Fish Trawl Surveys.

#### Chesapeake Bay Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Aerial Surveys (ArcInfo Coverages)

The Chesapeake Bay Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV) data are mapped from 1:24,000 aerial photography for 1971, 1974, and 1980; 1984 (Virginia only); 1979 (Maryland only); 1978, 1984 through 1987, and 1989 through 1995. Each area of SAV was traced onto 1:24,000 USGS quadrangles and classified into one of four density classes by the percentage of cover. The SAV beds were then digitized into an Arc/Info GIS coverage using the quality control procedures documented in the individual metadata files. Data were collected by the Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences. The SAV data files are in uncompressed Arc/Info (ESRI, Redlands, CA) export format. They have been compressed using PKZIP compression to form .zip files for use on IBM-compatible personal computers and also compressed using UNIX standard compression to form .tar.Z files for use on UNIX platforms. Each file contains both the .e00 Arc/Info export file and also a .txt metadata file. Please consult the metadata file to determine if a particular data set will satisfy your needs. The Internet address for the Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences SAV Home page is:

http://www.vims.edu/bio/sav/index.html

## Virginia Fish Trawl Surveys (Summary Statistics and Juvenile Indices)

The Virginia Institute of Marine Science (VIMS) has conducted a trawl survey annually since 1955. The primary objective of the survey is to monitor trends in abundance of juvenile fish of about twenty recreationally, commercially, and ecologically important finfish and invertebrates. Currently, the survey samples waters from the mouth of the Chesapeake Bay north to the freshwater interfaces of the James, York, and Rappahannock Rivers. Samples from about 60 stations are collected every month. At each station, a 30 foot wide shrimp trawl is towed for five minutes. The Internet address for the Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences Fisheries Home page is:

http://www.vims.edu/fish/trawlsurvey/index.html

NOTE:

The CBP Data Center is interested in listing and describing Chesapeake Bay living resources and biological monitoring data sets which are presently available on the Internet. If you know of data sets of this nature, please contact the Biological Monitoring Data Manager at the CBP Data Center (see "CBP Data Center Contacts").

#### DATA FILES AVAILABLE SOON FROM THE CBP DATA CENTER

#### Point Data

Additional plankton and benthic data sets are currently being restructured, reformatted, QA/QC'ed and documented, and will become available on CHESIE as they are completed. These data sets are close to being final because of earlier work of prior computer support contractors and the Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin (ICPRB).

- Taylor Phytoplankton Data
- District of Columbia Plankton Monitoring Data (1983 1992)

The Cooperative Oxford Laboratory (Maryland Department of Natural Resources/National Oceanographic & Atmospheric Administration) has forwarded the following data to the CBP Data Center to be computerized, augmented with National Marine Fisheries Service data, and made available:

Maryland Marine Mammal and Sea Turtle Strandings Data

The Biological Monitoring Data Manager is working with staff of the Maryland Department of Natural Resources, the Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences and the NOAA Chesapeake Bay Office this year to obtain, reformat and document as needed, and make the following data available on CHESIE and possible the Internet:

- Juvenile Finfish Summer Seine Surveys
- Finfish Summer Trawl Surveys
- Blue Crab Winter Dredge Survey

#### GIS Data

The CBP Biological Monitoring Data Manager is working with the U. S. Fish & Wildlife Service to make several aquatic bird survey databases and GIS coverages more readily available from the CBP Data Center or from the US Fish and Wildlife Service. State distribution rights/costs issues need to be resolved for some of these surveys. However one survey is available:

Annual Chesapeake Bay Midwinter Waterfowl Survey

The Living Resources GIS Specialists will also be finishing or receiving the following coverages soon and making them available from the CBP Data Center:

#### **Boundary Layers**

- Maryland Tributary Strategy Boundaries
- Virginia Tributary Strategy Boundaries

#### Habitat

• Bay bottom survey (Oxford Lab)

## Fish, Fisheries and Fish Passage

- Virginia impediment database
- Maryland blockage database
- Pennsylvania Phase III blockage data
- New York dams database
- EPA RF3 streams by 8-digit Huc @ 1:100,000
- Basin-wide hydrography @ 1:24,000 (PA,MD) and 1:100,000 (remainder)

# Submerged Aquatic Vegetation

1995 SAV aerial survey

# **Oysters**

Maryland Oyster Reef Restoration Sites (MDDNR)

# Priority Data Sets

The Living Resources/Monitoring Workgroup (jointly held by the Living Resources and Monitoring Subcommittees) has prioritized the *categories* of biological monitoring data that they believed are critically important to CBP activities (see Appendix E). The Workgroup recommended that key data sets in these categories be made available from the CBP Data Center, preferably as CBP databases. The Biological Monitoring Data Manager and the Living Resources GIS Specialists are using this prioritized list of data categories as a guide for obtaining and assembling data.

#### **DATA DIRECTORIES**

#### **CHESIE**

The living resources data directory on CHESIE is LRDATA:[LR.PUBLIC]. The CHESIE computer system consists of a DEC Alpha 3800 computer with an Open-VMS operating system. Point data and data documentation are directly accessible as ASCII flat files to all individuals with user accounts on CHESIE. Subdirectories presently in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC] contain the CBP plankton and benthos monitoring data (Figure 1). Other types of point data will be placed in additional, appropriately named subdirectories of LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC] when they become available from the Data Center. Data from ongoing programs will remain in separate subdirectories and historical data will be placed in a single subdirectory.

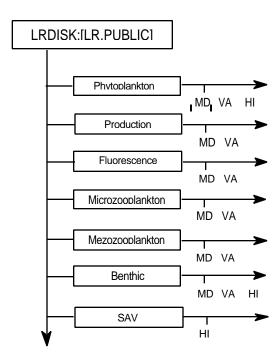


Figure 1. Diagram of present LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC] directory structure for point data. MD = Maryland; VA = Virginia; HI = historical. Arrows indicate future directories.

Biological and living resources GIS (Geographical Information System) coverages will not be stored on CHESIE. They will be accessible from a GIS directory on the CBP Internet Home Page and "hot linked" to biological and living resources point data residing on the Home Page.

# CBP Internet Home Page

The CBP effort to establish and populate an Internet Home Page is in its early stages. A series of menus leading to a directory of CBP biological databases has been created at this time. However, only the Maryland and Virginia benthos and C<sup>14</sup> productivity data and an order form for other biological data currently reside there. The data are provided in the same format as on CHESIE: comma delimited, ASCII flat files. Other CBP databases and data management "tools" (e.g. OA/OC programs, documentation, conversion tables, algorithms to calculate indicators) are being added to the Home Page server in installments. "Hot links" to Chesapeake Bay data on other Internet servers will be formed as the developing CBP distributed database is implemented. A user will eventually be able to download databases, summary statistics and indicators, data documentation, and key data management documents and data inventories from several servers via the CBP Home Page. The CBP Internet Home Page address is:

http://www.epa.gov/r3chespk/

The Home Page clearly requests that data users acknowledge the original monitoring programs as the data originators in future publications which reference or use the databases.

#### RELATIONAL DATABASES FOR POINT DATA FILES

# Relational database systems

The Chesapeake Bay Program has experimented in the development of a relational database for point data collected in monitoring programs which it fully/partially sponsors or matches. This specifically includes the CBP plankton and benthos monitoring data. However, the Bay Program is still searching for a database engine and applications which meet the diverse needs of the Program. In lieu of a functioning relational database system at the Data Center, the plankton and benthos data were placed in a semi-relational database structure which consists of sets of related computer files. For example, benthos monitoring information is distributed in files of species count data, simultaneously collected water quality, sediment data, and a related event file which includes repetitive ancillary information. In addition, there is a supporting file containing species Latin names and the various species coding schemes used in the bay area. The files can be linked, or related, on several common fields, eliminating the need to include repetitive sample information. This arrangement of the data saves electronic storage space and electronic transfer time for files, and aids in QA/QC'ing the data. Related files can be quickly merged to create a single, complete data record when necessary.

Please read the section below entitled "Merging and Working with Relational Data Files." Incorrectly merged data files may result in problematic databases and erroneous results.

Field names and attributes defined in the CBP Data Management Plan (USEPA, March 1993) and the CBP Living Resources Data Management Plan, Revision 1 (USEPA, August 1989) were used in constructing the plankton and benthos semi-relational database system. This feature of the databases allows them to be joined and compared with ease to independent water quality and toxic contaminant data sets containing common fields.

#### Data Format

Data in the LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC] are stored as comma delimited, ASCII flat files. ASCII files can be readily uploaded to a relational database system at a future time.

# File naming protocol

A standard method for naming the CHESIE living resources data sets and data documentation has been established. The protocol is described in Table 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Technically, the files are in a semi-relational database structure since a true RDBS contains files linked by only one common field and these are linked by two to seven common fields. Multiple common fields make the files easier to use in the absence of a relational database application.

# Table 1. File naming protocol for living resources monitoring data sets.

All CBP biological database or documentation files are named using the following convention:

SSDDTTYY.TXT HISSDDTT.TXT SSDDDOC.TXT

# Where

SS = State Providing Data HI = Historic Data Set DD = Data Type

TT = Data File Type

YY = Collection Year of Data in File DOC = Data Documentation Text

The extension .TXT refers to the file type which is comma delimited ASCII.

#### **State Provider Abbreviations**

VA = Virginia MD = Maryland PA = Pennsylvania

DC = District of Columbia

NY = New York WV = West Virginia

#### **Data Type Abbreviations**

PH = Phytoplankton
MZ = Mesozooplankton
MI = Microzooplankton
PD = Primary Production

FL = Fluorescence BE = Benthic

# **Data File Type Abbreviations**

DOC = Data Dictionary SD = Sediment data

TX = Taxonomic CF = Carbon 14 Fixation Rates

EV = Sampling Event LD = Light/Dark Bottle
BM = Biomass VF = Vertical Fluorescence
BV = Biovolume HF = Horizontal Fluorescence

LD = Production (Light/Dark Bottle) FL = Fluorescence (Light/Dark Bottle)

KY = Taxon Key WQ = Water Quality

#### ACCESSING DATABASES

# CBP CHESIE Computer

Individuals with user accounts on CHESIE can obtain living resources and water quality monitoring data as well as access to computing resources. You can apply for a user account by calling the of the CBP Computer Support Help Desk, at 1-800-968-7229, extension 769. The help desk will explain the application procedure and provide you with the necessary paper work to receive an account. (If you do not want to apply for a user account but would like to obtain data, see "Obtaining data on diskettes" below.)

CHESIE can be accessed by TELNET (for working on CHESIE via Internet from a remote location), FTP (for Internet data transfer) and by dial-in modem (KERMIT and ZMODDEM protocol are supported for data download). Anonymous FTP is not allowed into CHESIE at this time. The directions below provide basic instructions for accessing files by these three methods. For problems connecting to the system and transferring files, please call the help desk. If you have problems with the actual contents of a data set, please contact the Biological Monitoring Data Manager.

#### Dial in Procedures

1) Configure your local communications software package for the following settings:

no parity

8 bit per character

1- stop bit

software flow control (ctrl-S, ctrl-Q)

ASCII format

modem speed may be set anywhere between 1200 and 14400 baud

2) Initiate dial-in procedure. The local phone numbers are either 410-267-5782, 5783 or 5784 and they connect you directly with CHESIE. There is a toll free dial-in line: 1-800-968-7229, ext. 782, 783 or 784. The phones are programmed to automatically select the next available line so that users do not have to call several numbers to find an open line.

NOTE: A pause is required between dialing the 800 number and the extension. In your dial string, insert a sufficient number of commas between the 800 number and the extension to ensure proper handling of your computer dial-in by the CBP phone system. The length of the pause between the 800 number and the extension depends on your modem software. Suggested starting number of commas is nine and add or subtract as necessary.

- 3) At the EPA47> prompt, enter c CHESIE and hit return. You will then reach a screen asking for your username and password.
- 4) Note when logging out of the system you will need to type logout from both CHESIE and from the EPA47> prompt before you can disconnect from the system.

#### **Telnet Procedures**

- 1) Login to your local machine with INTERNET access as usual.
- 2) Type **TELNET**.
- 3) Type connect chesie.ann.epa.gov.
- 4) Login to CHESIE with your username and password.
- 5) For details on copying files to your personal user space see "Working with Files" below.
- 6) Typing **logout** or **logoff** will end your CHESIE TELNET session.
- 7) Typing **exit** will end your TELNET session.

# Working with Files

- 1) Once logged onto CHESIE you are in your home directory. You will need to enter the Living Resources public access directory as described above to obtain data sets. Enter the living resources directory by typing set def LRDISK:[lr.public.\*.\*]. (For \*.\*, insert data type and state directory names. For example, Maryland benthic data requires the command set def LRDISK:[lr.public.benthic.md].)
- 2) The living resources LR.PUBLIC directory has READ ONLY areas. You must copy data to your user area to use the data. The command copy \*.txt userdisk:[yourusername] will copy all the data files and necessary documentation to your user area for a given data set.
- 3) Type set def userdisk:[yourusername] followed by dir to confirm all files were copied.
- 4) Type **help** at any point to receive online help.
- 5) Water quality data may be accessed by typing **baystats** from your userdisk space. The menu driven BAYSTATS explains how to retrieve data. Please see the Users Guide to Water Quality Data for details.

#### File Transfer Protocol (FTP)

- 1) Login to your local machine with INTERNET access as usual.
- 2) Type **ftp**
- 3) Type open chesie.ann.epa.gov.
- 4) Login to CHESIE with your username and password.
- 5) After the initial login you will be in your own personal user space so to transfer files to your local machine you will need to change directories. Type cd LRDISK:[lr.public]. (Please note that proper VMS disk and file addresses must be used with ftp command)

- 6) You will enter the living resources public access directory as described above. Enter the directory containing the desired data sets by typing **cd LRDISK:[lr.public.\*.\***]. (For \*.\*, insert data type and state directory names. For example, type the command **cd LRDISK:[lr.public.benthic.md]** for Maryland benthic data.)
- 7) You are now ready to transfer data. (The default data transfer mode is ASCII.) To transfer the complete data set and documentation type **mget** <**filename.txt**>. You will be prompted if you wish to transfer the first file. Type **a** (for all) when prompted and all files in the current directory will be transferred to your local machine.
- 8) Type **bye** or **quit** to end your FTP session.

#### Obtaining data from the CBP Internet Web Page

The Internet address for the Chesapeake Bay Program Home Page is:

http://www.epa.gov/r3chespk/

The procedure to download data will vary according to web browser type. Please see your inhouse or online documentation for details.

# Obtaining data on diskettes

Individuals without user accounts on CHESIE, users wishing to obtain SAS conversion scripts or users wishing to obtain the data files in dBASE (.dbf) format can request data sets directly from the Biological Monitoring Data Manager. All requests must be made in writing. A data request form is provided in Appendix D and can be sent to:

Ms. Jacqueline Johnson Biological Monitoring Data Manager Chesapeake Bay Program Data Center 410 Severn Avenue, Suite 109 Annapolis, MD 21403

Phone (local): 410-267-5729

Phone (long distance): 800-968-7229, ext. 729

FAX: 410-267-5777

E-mail: JJOHNSON@CHESIE.ANN.EPA.GOV

The data form may be copied. Please request only one data set per form. Requests for data other than living resources data may be made on this form but should be mailed to the Chesapeake Bay Program Data Center Manager:

Mr. Lowell Bahner Data Center Manager Chesapeake Bay Program Data Center 410 Severn Avenue, Suite 109 Annapolis, MD 21403

Phone (long distance): 1-800-968-7229, ext. 671

FAX: 410-267-5777

E-mail: LBAHNER@CHESIE.ANN.EPA.GOV

#### MERGING AND WORKING WITH RELATIONAL DATA FILES

Data availability and demand for data access have grown at exponential rates due to the extensive growth of the Internet. The combination of increased data access and new mechanisms to store and distribute data have radically changed the job of the data management. It has become increasingly difficult to provide adequate guidance to data users on correctly handling the databases and interpreting the data. Analysts frequently derived unsatisfactory results because they used data unsuitable for the analysis or incorrectly interpret the information in a database. On a more basic level, they can incorrectly merge related files in a relational database system and create corrupted databases.

PLEASE READ THE DATA DOCUMENTATION FILES. Before you use the data, make yourself aware of the original objective(s) and sampling design of a study or monitoring program as well as the database structure. The data documentation files explain the details of sample collection and processing and the structure of the data files for each study. All of the data documentation sets have been written or rewritten with the end data user in mind. They assume that a user has no previous knowledge of the data collection program. The biological data sets described in this document are typically either from large scale monitoring programs or intensive, targeted studies. The Chesapeake Bay monitoring programs and other long term efforts are intended to detect changes and/or trends in the status of living resources on a large scale. They were designed to be used in a wide variety of analyses. These monitoring programs do not have a spatial or temporal scale fine enough to answer many site or time specific questions. However, they are useful in answering complex, bay-wide questions. Another portion of the data sets, predominantly the historic data sets, are targeted studies. These studies were originally designed to answer specific scientific or resource management questions on a fine scale. Therefore, sampling design, analytical protocol or site selection criteria may preclude or obscure elements of the data set critical for your analytical questions.

This chapter provides guidance on how to correctly merge related files of the CBP biological and living resources monitoring data. Common pitfalls in using the data are also noted. The Chesapeake Bay Program relational database structures and formats have been discussed in previous sections of this document. Actual field names and attributes appear in Appendix A and online in the individual data set documentation files. A list of possible CBP field names for biological and living resources data, and their definitions and units, are provided in Appendix B. Appendix C contains definitions of parameter codes used in the databases.

#### Phytoplankton

#### **CBP** Databases

These data sets require merging to be fully functional. The Virginia and Maryland files may be combined with no special preparation. The Taxon and Event files should be merged by linking the following fields:

DATE STATION LAYER SER\_NUM Common user errors or pitfalls for these data include:

- 1) Composite Samples: It should be noted that the CBP sampling protocol utilizes composite samples. There are no samples for individual depths.
- 2) NODC CODES and TSN's: All species were assigned National Oceanographic Data Center (NODC) species coded and permanent Taxon Serial Numbers (TSN) where available. The NODC taxonomic Code is a hierarchical system of numerical codes used to represent the scientific names of organisms. The Code links the *Linnean* system of biological nomenclature to a numerical schema that facilitates modern methods of computerized data storage and retrieval. Additionally each recognized species is given an unique permanent taxon serial number. The TSN value does not ever change regardless of changes in taxonomic classification over time. NODC CODES are updated regularly. Please look at the R\_DATE field in the Taxon Key file for each Data type, this date should never be more than a year old.
- 3) Virginia Picoplankton Counts: Picoplankton counts are available in the Virginia phytoplankton data and not in the Maryland data. They appear as a single record for each Virginia sample and are listed as "Autotrophic Picoplankton." They are included in the total count of organisms (TDEN\_L) for a sample. It may be desirable to separate this size fraction and recalculate total count of organisms (TDEN\_L) for some analysis.

# **Primary Production**

#### **CBP** Databases

These data sets require merging to be fully functional. The Virginia and Maryland files may be combined with no special preparation. The Taxon and Event files can be merged by linking the following fields:

DATE STATION LAYER SER\_NUM

Common user errors or pitfalls for these data include:

- 1) The Maryland production data was resubmitted in 1995 due to errors in the calculation of some primary production values. Do not use data with an R\_DATE prior to May 31, 1995.
- 2) It should be noted that the CBP sampling protocol utilizes composite samples. There are no samples for individual depths.

#### Fluorescence

#### **CBP** Databases

These data sets **do not** require merging to be fully functional. The horizontal and vertical files may be combined with no special preparation. You should pay attention to the SDEPTH field. Some measurements are at depth and others at the surface. A note of caution in regards to the Maryland Horizontal Fluorescence data between 1984 and 1995 and all Virginia Horizontal fluorescence: the station latitudes and longitudes in these data records are **approximations** of actual positions in the field. Please see FORMULAS, CALCULATIONS, AND CONVERSIONS in the Data Documentation for detailed explanation of how the positions were estimated. This method of locating position does not meet EPA sampling position policy since sampling locations were not measured with G.P.S. (Global Positioning System). Inaccuracies in the estimated station locations may be problematic in GIS or other mapping applications. The Horizontal Potomac Fluorescence locations and the Maryland and Virginia Vertical Fluorescence locations were determined with Loran-C and should be less problematic than the remaining Horizontal Fluorescence locations which were estimated by extrapolating between the start and end locations.

Common user errors and pitfalls for these data include:

1) The Maryland Fluorescence data was resubmitted due to errors in the calculation of fluorescence values. Do not use data with an R\_DATE prior to May 31, 1995.

# Microzooplankton and Mesozooplankton

#### **CBP** Databases

These data sets require merging to be fully functional. The Virginia and Maryland files for mesozooplankton may be combined with no special preparation. The Taxon and Event files for mesozooplankton can be merged by linking the following fields:

DATE STATION LAYER SER\_NUM

Mesozooplankton Biomass, Biovolume and Event files can be merged by linking the following fields:

DATE STATION LAYER SER\_NUM

Please READ THE DATA DOCUMENTATION FILE before attempting to merge the Maryland and Virginia microzooplankton data. The taxonomic identification levels in the Virginia microzooplankton data are not as detailed as those in the Maryland data. You may want to make

the taxononic identification levels comparable by removing species identifications in specific cases and summing counts for genus, family or order levels. The Taxon and Event files for microzooplankton can be merged by linking the following fields:

DATE STATION LAYER SER\_NUM

The Microzooplankton and Mesozooplankton Taxon files can be merged **provided the following corrections are made to the mesozooplankton:** 

1) Mezozooplankton counts are reported in organisms per cubic meters. Microzooplankton counts are reported in organisms per liter. The mesozooplankton taxon counts and total counts must be converted to liters before the sets can be merged. The conversion is:

 $DEN_M3 / 1000 = DEN_L$ 

and

 $TDEN_M3 / 1000 = TDEN_L$ 

- 2) Copepoda nauplii were counted in both the mesozooplankton and microzooplankton samples and included in both data sets. The smaller mesh size (<44u) of the net used to collect microzooplankton samples in Maryland and the whole water sample collection method in Virginia are more efficient in retaining the smallest copepod nauplii. Therefore, the microzooplankton estimates of copepod nauplii density are considered by the Principal Investigators to be more accurate. Remove the copepod nauplii in the Mesozooplankton files prior to merging the Micro- and Mesozooplankton files.
- 3) Barnacle nauplii were reported in the Virginia Mesozooplankton data from January 1985 through December 1992. After January 1993 barnacle nauplii were reported only in the Microzooplankton data.

Common user errors and pitfalls for these data include:

- 1) Not paying attention to the life stage column. These data sets will have multiple records for the same species that differ by the life stage. An empty life stage column means the taxon counted were adult organisms.
- 2) NODC CODES and TSN's: All species were assigned National Oceanographic Data Center (NODC) species coded and permanent Taxon Serial Numbers (TSN) where available. The NODC taxonomic Code is a hierarchical system of numerical codes used to represent the scientific names of organisms. The Code links the *Linnean* system of biological nomenclature to a numerical schema that facilitates modern methods of computerized data storage and retrieval. Additionally each recognized species is given an unique permanent taxon serial number. The TSN value does not ever change regardless of changes in taxonomic classification over time. NODC CODES are updated regularly. Please look at the R\_DATE field in the Taxon Key file for each Data type, this date should never be more than a year old.

- 3) CBP monitoring program components collect composited samples. There are no samples for individual depths.
- 4) Mesozooplankton settled volumes for non-gelatinous zooplankton were estimated in all cases where biomass was estimated. Values were estimated when samples contained high levels of detritus. To determine if the settled volume is actual or estimated, merge the biomass and biovolume files by station, date, rep\_num and ser\_num.

#### Benthos

#### **CBP** Databases

These data sets require merging to be fully functional. The Virginia and Maryland CBP monitoring programs and the historic files may be combined with no special preparation. All Benthic Taxon, Biomass, Sediment, Water Quality and Event files can be merged by linking the following fields:

DATE STATION (REP\_NUM) for most files NETMESH

Protocols in the Maryland CBP benthos monitoring program diverge significantly from those in the Virginia CBP benthos monitoring programs and the historic data sets. The Maryland Benthic Monitoring program has changed its criteria for selecting sampling locations several times in the course of the program, going from fixed sites to randomly stratified sites to a mixture of the two. The Living Resources Data Manager can not stress enough how critical it is to READ THE DATA DOCUMENTATION FILE before attempting to use the Maryland Benthic Monitoring data. Below is a brief outline of the differences between the Maryland and Virginia CBP programs.

#### Maryland CBP Benthic Monitoring Program

- 1) Multiple sampling schemes: fixed stations, sites randomly selected for identified strata, and a combination random strata and fixed site sampling. Sampling sites are not associated with any standard CBP monitoring stations. Analysts must use a geographic mechanism to relate stations (e.g., CBP Chesapeake Bay segmentation scheme, centroids). A unique station naming convention was developed to account for the various site selection processes.
- 2) Multiple sampling gears. Sampling gear artifacts vary in data.
- 3) Changing sampling frequencies. Sampling frequency varies from 7 to 10 times annually, and occur in the spring, summer and fall.
- 4) Major change in biomass methodology in 1989. (See data documentation.)
- 5) Analyses performed on sediment samples varied by date.
- 6) Full water column hydro casts were made at each site.

# Virginia CBP Benthic Monitoring Program

- 1) Single sampling scheme: fixed sampling sites, most of which corresponded with regular CBP monitoring stations. The data, therefore, has direct locational linkages to plankton, zooplankton and water quality data sets.
- 2) One sampling gear used.
- 3) Sampling frequency is quarterly.
- 4) No change in any methodologies until 1996.
- 5) Water quality data for bottom of water column only.

#### Historic Benthic Data Sets

Most of the historic benthic data sets were "targeted studies". This means they were concentrated around areas of resource management interest such as power plants and industrial sites. Some of the studies were meant as baseline studies to study the environmental effect of the operation of these facilities before and after they went operational. Other studies were begun after a power plant or industrial site was operational and were designed to determine how much damage had been done to an area. These studies frequently did not measure all the parameters found in current monitoring data sets and do not include biomass determinations.

#### Common user errors and pitfalls for these data include:

- 1) Using the Maryland CBP Monitoring data without understanding the randomized strata sampling protocol which was adapted in 1989.
- 2) NODC CODES and TSN's: All species were assigned National Oceanographic Data Center (NODC) species coded and permanent Taxon Serial Numbers (TSN) where available. The NODC taxonomic Code is a hierarchical system of numerical codes used to represent the scientific names of organisms. The Code links the *Linnean* system of biological nomenclature to a numerical schema that facilitates modern methods of computerized data storage and retrieval. Additionally each recognized species is given an unique permanent taxon serial number. The TSN value does not ever change regardless of changes in taxonomic classification over time. NODC CODES are updated regularly. Please look at the R\_DATE field in the Taxon Key file for each Data type, this date should never be more than a year old.
- 3) In the CBP monitoring data, Benthic Biomass values are done on a per taxon basis. See documentation for Maryland methodology changes.

# Submerged Aquatic Vegetation

# **CBP** Databases

Data sets and GIS coverages from the annual aerial survey are one of the Bay Program's first attempts at supporting a distributed data set. The SAV data are collected and processed by the Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences. The data are then made available for distribution on the VIMS Internet server. The ONLY guidelines the CBP Data Center can provide for effective use of this information is: READ THE DATA DOCUMENTATION FILES BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO USE THE DATA AND THE GIS LAYERS.

#### Historical Data

CBP documentation for this data set has not been prepared. The data files available on CHESIE are the original SAS data files.

Even if you choose to ignore all other recommendations and cautions made in this section, PLEASE READ THE DATA DOCUMENTATION FILES!

#### **CBP DATA CENTER CONTACTS**

Three staff at the Chesapeake Bay Program Data Center in Annapolis, Maryland, are responsible for creating, maintaining, facilitating the use of, and analyzing biological and living resources data and GIS coverages:

Ms. Jacqueline Johnson

Biological Monitoring Data Manager

Chesapeake Bay Program Data Center

410 Severn Ave.

Annapolis, MD 21403

Phone (local): 410-267-5729

1-800-968-7229, ext. 729 Phone (long distance):

FAX: 410-267-5777

E-mail: JJOHNSON@CHESIE.ANN.EPA.GOV

Ms. Paula Hill Jasinski

Living Resources GIS Specialist Chesapeake Bay Program Office

410 Severn Avenue

Annapolis, Maryland 21403

Phone (local): 410-267-5835

Phone (long distance): 1-800-968-7229, ext. 835

410-267-5777 FAX:

phill@cbpws4.ann.epa.gov E-mail:

Mr. Howard Weinberg

Living Resources GIS Specialist

Chesapeake Bay Program Office

410 Severn Avenue

Annapolis, Maryland 21403

Phone (local): 410-267-5735

Phone (long distance): 1-800-968-7229, ext.5735

FAX: 410-267-5777

E-mail: hweinber@cbpws1.ann.epa.gov

Chesapeake Bay Program, maintains a computer support desk to assist in resolving hardware and software difficulties with Data Center equipment. You can contact the help desk at:

Phone (local): 410-267-5769

Phone (long distance): 1-800-968-7229, ext. 769

FAX: 410-267-5777

## The Chesapeake Bay Program Data Center Manager is:

Mr. Lowell Bahner Data Center Manager Chesapeake Bay Program Data Center 410 Severn Avenue, Suite 109 Annapolis, MD 21403

Phone (long distance):1-800-968-7229 EXT. 671 410-267-5671 Phone (local): FAX: 410-267-5666

E-mail: LBAHNER@CHESIE.ANN.EPA.GOV

#### REFERENCES

- US Environmental Protection Agency. July 1988. Chesapeake Bay Living Resources Monitoring Plan, Agreement Commitment Report. Chesapeake Bay Program, Annapolis, Maryland, 94pp.
- US Environmental Protection Agency. August 1989. Living Resources Data Management Plan, Revision 1. Chesapeake Bay Program, Annapolis, MD, CBP/TRS 33/89.
- US Environmental Protection Agency. March 1993. Chesapeake Bay Program Data Management Plan. Chesapeake Bay Program, Annapolis, MD.

### APPENDIX A

## DATABASE STRUCTURES FOR AVAILABLE CBP DATA

September 1996

This appendix lists the field names, attributes and descriptions for the phytoplankton, zooplankton and benthos databases which are available through CHESIE on LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC] and through the Chesapeake Bay Program Internet Home Page. For complete data documentation please see the data documentation files which accompany the data sets at either source.

Table 1. Phytoplankton Count Data Files in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC.PHYTOPLANKTON]

	Field	Field	Width	
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>(dec)</u>	<u>Descriptions</u>
1	AGENCY	Character	6	Data Collection Agency
2	COLTYPE	Character	2	Sample Collection Type
3	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
4	DATE	Character	8	Sampling Date (MM/DD/YY)
5	DEN_L	Numeric	12	Density of a Taxon (#Individual per Liter)
6	GMETHOD	Character	3	Chesapeake Bay Program Gear Method Code
7	LAYER	Character	2	Layer of Water Column in which Sample was Taken
8	LBL	Character	45	Species Latin Name (with Size Groupings when
				Taken)
9	MAXDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Maximum Depth of Composite Sample (Meters)
10	R_DATE	Character	8	Version Date of Data (MM/DD/YY)
11	REP_NUM	Numeric	8	Replicate Number
12	REP_TYPE	Character	3	Replicate Type
13	SER_NUM	Character	12	Sample Serial Number
14	NODCCODE	Character	12	National Oceanographic Data Center Species Code
15	SPECCODE	Character	14	Agency Species Code
16	STATION	Character	8	Sampling Station
17	TDEN_L	Numeric	12	Total Density (# All Individuals/ Liter)
18	TRIB_COD	Character	3	Tributary Code
19	TSN	Character	7	National Oceanographic Data Center Taxon Serial
				Number

Table 2. Phytoplankton Event Data Files in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC.PHYTOPLANKTON]

	Field	Field	Width	
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>(dec)</u>	<u>Descriptions</u>
1	AGENCY	Character	6	Data Collection Agency
2	COLTYPE	Character	2	Collection Type
3	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
4	DATE	Character	8	Sampling Date (MM/DD/YY)
5	LAYER	Character	2	Layer of Water Column in which Sample was Taken
6	LAT	Numeric	9 (4)	Latitude in Decimal Degrees
7	LONG	Numeric	9 (4)	Longitude in Decimal Degrees
8	P_DEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Composite Sample Cut Off Depth (Meters)
9	R_DATE	Character	8	Data Version Date (MM/DD/YY)
10	SALZONE	Character	1	Salinity Zone
11	SAMVOL_L	Numeric	8 (1)	Total Volume of Sample (Liters)
12	SER_NUM	Character	12	Sample Serial Number
13	STATION	Character	8	Sampling Station
14	TDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Total Station Depth (Meters)
15	TIME	Character	8	Sample Collection Time (HHMM)
16	TRIB_COD	Character	3	Tributary Code

Table 3. Primary Production Data Files in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC.PRODUCTION] and http://www.epa.gov/r3chespk/infobase/lr/lrscpg1.htm.

	Field	Field	Width	
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>(dec)</u>	<u>Descriptions</u>
1	AGENCY	Character	6	Data Collection Agency
2	ASMRATIO	Numeric	8 (2)	Production Efficiency (ug-c/ug-chl)
3	C14_D	Character	2	C.I. Limits Method
4	C14_M	Character	7	Chesapeake Bay Program Analytical Method Code
5	CARBFIX	Numeric	8 (2)	Carbon Fixed (ug/l/hr)
6	CHLA	Numeric	8 (2)	Chlorophyll A (ug/l)
7	COLTYPE	Character	2	Collection Type
8	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
9	DATE	Character	8	Sample date (MM/DD/YY)
10	GMETHOD	Character	3	Chesapeake Bay Program Gear Method
11	INS_CODE	Character	5	Chesapeake Bay Program Instrument Code for C14
				Measurement
12	LAYER	Character	2	Layer in Water Column From Which Sample was Taken
13	MAXDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Maximum Depth of Composite Sample (meters)
14	R_DATE	Character	8	Data Version Date (MM/DD/YY)
15	REP_NUM	Numeric	8	Replicate Number
16	REP_TYPE	Character	4	Replicate Type
17	SER_NUM	Character	12	Sample Serial Number
18	STATION	Character	8	Sampling Station
19	TRIB_COD	Character	3	Tributary Code

Table 4. Primary Production Event Data Files in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC.PRODUCTION] and http://www.epa.gov/r3chespk/infobase/lr/lrscpg1.htm.

	Field	Field	Width	Paradation :
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>(dec)</u>	<u>Descriptions</u>
1	AGENCY	Character	6	Data Collection Agency
2	COLTYPE	Character	2	Collection Type
3	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
4	DATE	Character	8	Sampling Date (MM/DD/YY)
5	LAYER	Character	2	Layer in Water Column Which Sample was Taken
6	LAT	Numeric	9 (4)	Latitude in Decimal Degrees
7	LONG	Numeric	9 (4)	Longitude in Decimal Degrees
8	PDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Composite Sample Cut Off Depth (meters)
9	R_DATE	Character	8	Data Version Date (MM/DD/YY)
10	SALZONE	Character	1	Salinity Zone
11	SAMVOL_L	Numeric	8 (1)	Total Volume of Sample (liters)
12	SER_NUM	Character	12	Sample Serial Number
13	STATION	Character	8	Sampling Station
14	TDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Total Station Depth (meters)
15	TIME	Character	8	Sampling Time (HH:MM:SS)
16	TRIB_COD	Character	3	Tributary Code

Table 5. In Situ Fluorescence Data Files in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC.FLUORESCENCE]

	Field	Field	Width	
	Name	Type	(dec)	Descriptions
1	AGENCY	Character	6	Data Collection Agency
2	CHL_F	Numeric	8 (2)	Fluorescence Value in Micrograms Chlorophyll a per Liter
3	CHL_F_D	Character	2	Chlorophyll a Detection Limit Code
4	CHL_F_M	Character	7	Chlorophyll a Method Code
5	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
6	DATE	Character	8	Sampling Date (MM/DD/YY)
7	<b>GMETHOD</b>	Character	3	Chesapeake Bay Program Gear Method Code
8	LAT	Numeric	9 (4)	Latitude in Decimal Degrees
9	LONG	Numeric	9 (4)	Longitude in Decimal Degrees
10	P_DEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Composite Sample Cut Off Depth
11	R_DATE	Character	8	Version Date of Data (MM/DD/YY)
12	SALZONE	Character	1	Salinity Zone
13	SDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Sample Collection Depth (Meters)
14	SER_NUM	Character	12	Sample Serial Number
15	STATION	Character	8	Sampling Station
16	TDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Total Station Depth (Meters)
17	TIME	Character	8	Sample Collection Time (HH:MM:SS)
18	TRIB_COD	Character	3	Tributary Code

Table 6. Microzooplankton Count Data Files in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC.MICROZOO-PLANKTON]

	Field	Field	Width	
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>(dec)</u>	<u>Descriptions</u>
1	AGENCY	Character	6	Data Collection Agency
2	COLTYPE	Character	2	Collection Type
3	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
4	DATE	Character	8	Sampling date (MM/DD/YY)
5	DEN_L	Numeric	12 (2)	Density of a Taxon (#Individuals per liter)
6	<b>GMETHOD</b>	Character	3	Chesapeake Bay Program Gear Method Code
7	LAYER	Character	2	Layer in Water Column Which Sample was Taken
8	LBL	Character	45	Species Latin Name with Size Grouping
9	LIFE_STG	Character	3	Life stage, Chesapeake Bay Program Code
10	MAXDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Maximum Depth of Composite Sample (Meters)
11	R_DATE	Character	8	Version Date of Data (MM/DD/YY)
12	REP_NUM	Numeric	8	Replicate Number
13	REP_TYPE	Character	4	Replicate Type
14	SER_NUM	Character	12	Sample Serial number
15	NODCCODE	Character	12	NODC Species code
16	SPECCODE	Character	14	Agency Taxon code
17	STATION	Character	8	Sampling station
18	TDEN_L	Numeric	12 (2)	Total Density (# All individuals/liter)
19	TRIB_COD	Character	3	Tributary Code
20	TSN	Character	7	National Oceanographic Data Center Taxon Serial Number

Table 7. Microzooplankton Event Data Files in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC.MICROZOO-PLANKTON]

	Field	Field	Width	
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>(dec)</u>	<u>Descriptions</u>
1	AGENCY	Character	6	Data Collection Agency
2	COLTYPE	Character	2	Collection Type
3	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
4	DATE	Character	8	Sampling Date (MM/DD/YY)
5	LAYER	Character	2	Layer in Water Column Which Sample was Taken
6	LAT	Numeric	9 (4)	Latitude in Decimal Degrees
7	LONG	Numeric	9 (4)	Longitude in Decimal Degrees
8	PDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Composite Sample Cut Off Depth (meters)
9	R_DATE	Character	8	Data Version date (MM/DD/YY)
10	SALZONE	Character	1	Salinity Zone
11	SAMVOL_L	Numeric	8 (1)	Total Volume of Sample (liters)
12	SER_NUM	Character	12	Sample Serial Number
13	STATION	Character	8	Sampling Station
14	TDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Total Station Depth (meters)
15	TIME	Character	8	Sample Collection Time (HHMM)
16	TRIB_COD	Character	3	Tributary Code

 $Table\ 8.\ Mesozooplankton\ Count\ Data\ Files\ in\ LRDISK: [LR.PUBLIC.MEZOZOO-PLANKTON]$ 

	Field	Field	Width	
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	(dec)	<u>Descriptions</u>
1	AGENCY	Character	6	Data Collection Agency
2	COLTYPE	Character	2	Collection Type
3	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
4	DATE	Character	8	Sampling Date (MM/DD/YY)
5	DEN_M3	Numeric	12 (3)	Density of a Taxon (# individual per meter cubed)
6	<b>GMETHOD</b>	Character	3	Chesapeake Bay Program Gear Method Code
7	LAYER	Character	2	Layer in Water Column in Which Sample was Taken
8	LBL	Character	45	Species Latin Name
9	LIFE_STG	Character	3	Chesapeake Bay Program Life Stage Code
10	MAXDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Maximum Depth of Composite Sample (Meters)
11	R_DATE	Character	8	Data Version Date (MM/DD/YY)
12	REP_NUM	Numeric	8	Replicate Number
13	REP_TYPE	Character	4	Replicate Type
14	SER_NUM	Character	12	Sample Serial Number
15	NODCCODE	Character	12	NODC Species Code
16	SPECCODE	Character	14	Agency Species Code
17	STATION	Character	8	Sampling Station
18	TDEN_M3	Numeric	12 (3)	
19	TRIB_COD	Character	3	Tributary Code
20	TSN	Character	7	Taxon Serial Number

 $\label{thm:condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 9. & Mesozooplankton Biomass Data Files in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC.MEZOZOO-PLANKTON] \end{tabular}$ 

	Field	Field	Width	
	<u>Name</u>	Type	(dec)	Descriptions
1	AEASH	Character	1	Actual or Estimated Ash Free Dry Weight
2	AEDRY	Character	1	Actual or Estimated Dry Weight
3	AGENCY	Character	6	Data Collection Agency
4	ASH_FRWT	Numeric	10 (5)	Ash Free Dry Weight (mg/m**3)
5	ASH_WT	Numeric	9 (4)	Total Ash Weight (mg/m**3)
6	AFDW	Numeric	9 (4)	Ash Free Dry Weight (g/sample)
7	ASHWT	Numeric	9 (4)	Total Ash Weight (g/sample)
8	COLTYPE	Character	2	Collection Type
9	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
10	DATE	Character	8	Sampling Date (MM/DD/YY)
11	DRY_WT	Numeric	10 (5)	Total Dry Weight (mg/m**3)
12	DRYWT	Numeric	9 (4)	Total Dry Weight (g/sample)
13	<b>GMETHOD</b>	Character	3	Chesapeake Bay Program Gear Method Code
14	LAYER	Character	2	Layer in Water Column Which Sample was Taken
15	MAXDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Maximum Depth of Composite Sample (Meters)
16	R_DATE	Character	8	Version date of data (MM/DD/YY)
17	REP_NUM	Numeric	8	Replicate Number
18	REP_TYPE	Character	4	Replicate Type
19	SER_NUM	Character	12	Sample Serial number
20	STATION	Character	8	Sampling Station
21	TRIB_COD	Character	3	Tributary Code

 $Table\ 10.\ Mesozooplankton\ Biovolume\ Data\ Files\ in\ LRDISK: [LR.PUBLIC.MEZOZOO-PLANKTON]$ 

	Field	Field	Width	
	<u>Name</u>	Type	<u>(dec)</u>	Descriptions
1	AGENCY	Character	6	Data Collection Agency
2	BEROE	Numeric	8	Number of Beroe (#/sample)
3	BEROEVOL	Numeric	8	Volume of Beroe (ml/sample)
4	COLTYPE	Character	2	Collection Type
5	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
6	CTENO	Numeric	8	Number of Ctenophores (#/sample)
7	CTENOVOL	Numeric	8	Ctenophores Volume (ml/sample)
8	DATE	Character	8	Sampling date (MM/DD/YY)
9	<b>GMETHOD</b>	Character	3	Chesapeake Bay Program Gear Code
10	HYDRA	Numeric	8	Number of Hydromedusae (#/sample)
11	HYDRAVOL	Numeric	8	Volume of Hydromedusae (ml/sample)
12	JELLY	Numeric	8	Jellyfish Volume (ml/sample)
13	JELLYVOL	Numeric	8	Number of Jellyfish (#/sample)
14	LAYER	Character	2	Layer in Water Column in Which Sample was Taken
15	MAXDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Maximum Depth of Composite Sample (Meters)
16	MNEMIOP	Numeric	8	Number of Mnemiopsis (#/sample)
17	MNEMVOL	Numeric	8	Volume of Mnemiopsis (ml/sample)
18	R_DATE	Character	8	Data Version Date (MM/DD/YY)
19	REP_NUM	Numeric	8	Replicate Number
20	REP_TYPE	Character	4	Replicate Type
21	SER_NUM	Character	12	Sample Serial Number
22	SET_VOL	Numeric	8 (4)	Settled Volume All Non-Gelatinous Material (ml/m**3)
23	SET_VOLZ	Numeric	8 (4)	Settled Volume of Zooplankton (ml/m**3)
24	SETVOL	Numeric	8	Settled Volume All Non-Gelatinous Material (ml/sample)
25	SETVOLZ	Numeric	8	Settled Volume of Zooplankton (ml/sample)
26	STATION	Character	8	Sampling Station
27	TRIB_COD	Character	3	Tributary Code

Table 11. Mesozooplankton Event Data Files in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC.MEZOZOO-PLANKTON]

	Field	Field	Width	
	<u>Name</u>	Type	<u>(dec)</u>	<u>Descriptions</u>
1	AGENCY	Character	6	Data Collection Agency
2	COLTYPE	Character	2	Collection Type
3	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
4	DATE	Character	8	Sampling Date (MM/DD/YY)
5	LAYER	Character	2	Layer in Water Column Which Sample was Taken
6	FVOL_M3	Numeric	8 (2)	Volume Filtered (M**3)
7	LAT	Numeric	9 (5)	Latitude in Decimal Degrees
8	LONG	Numeric	9 (5)	Longitude in Decimal Degrees
9	P_DEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Composite Samples Cut Off Depth (meters)
10	R_DATE	Character	8	Data Version Date (MM/DD/YY)
11	SALZONE	Character	1	Salinity Zone
12	SER_NUM	Character	12	Sample Serial Number
13	STATION	Character	8	Sampling Station
14	TDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Total Station Depth (meters)
15	TIME	Character	5	Sample Collection Time (HHMM)
16	TRIB_COD	Character	3	Tributary Code

Table 12. Benthic Count Data Files in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC.BENTHIC] and http://www.epa.gov/r3chespk/infobase/lr/lrscpg1.htm.

	Field	Field	Width	
	<u>Name</u>	Type	(dec)	<u>Descriptions</u>
1	AGENCY	Character	8	Data Collection Agency
2	CNT_TOT	Numeric	8	Total Count of All Organisms in Sample
3	CNT_TAX	Numeric	8	Total Count of Given Taxa in Sample
4	COLTYPE	Character	2	Collection Type
5	CONVFACT	Numeric	8 (2)	Conversion Factor (# Individual /Sample to #Individuals /MeterSquared)
6	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
7	DATE	Character	8	Sampling Date (MM/DD/YY)
8	<b>GMETHOD</b>	Character	3	Chesapeake Bay Program Gear Method Code
9	LBL	Character	45	Species Latin Name
10	NETMESH	Numeric	8 (3)	Screen Mesh Width (Millimeters)
11	NODCCODE	Character	12	National Oceanographic Data Center Species Code
12	REP_NUM	Numeric	8	Replicate Number
13	REP_TYPE	Character	3	Replicate Type
14	R_DATE	Character	8	Data Version Date (MM/DD/YY)
15	SER_NUM	Character	12	Sample Serial Number
16	SPECCODE	Character	14	Agency Species Code
17	STATION	Character	14	Sampling Station
18	TRIB_COD	Character	3	Tributary Code
19	TSN	Character	7	National Oceanographic Data Center Taxon Serial Number

Table 13. Benthic Biomass Data Files in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC.BENTHIC] and http://www.epa.gov/r3chespk/infobase/lr/lrscpg1.htm.

	Field	Field	Width	
	<u>Name</u>	Type	(dec)	<u>Descriptions</u>
1	AEAFDW	Character	2	Actual or Estimated Ash Free Dry Weight
2	AFDW_TAX	Numeric	12 (5)	Taxon Ash Free Dry Weight (grams/sample)
3	AGENCY	Character	6	Data Collection Agency
4	COLTYPE	Character	2	Sample Collection Type
5	CONVFACT	Numeric	8 (2)	Conversion Factor (# Individual/Sample to #
				Individuals/Meter Squared)
6	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
7	DATE	Character	8	Sampling Date (MM/DD/YY)
8	<b>GMETHOD</b>	Character	3	Chesapeake Bay Program Gear Method Code
9	LBL	Character	45	Species Latin Name
10	NETMESH	Numeric	8 (2)	Screen Mesh Width (millimeter)
11	NODCCODE	Character	12	National Oceanographic Data Center Species Code
12	REP_NUM	Numeric	8	Replicate Number
13	REP_TYPE	Character	5	Replicate Type
14	R_DATE	Character	8	Data Version Date (MM/DD/YY)
15	SER_NUM	Character	12	Agency Sample Serial Number
16	SPECCODE	Character	14	Agency Species Code
17	STATION	Character	14	Sampling Station
18	TRIB_COD	Character	3	Tributary Code
19	TSN	Character	7	National Oceanographic Data Center Taxon Serial
				Number

Table 14. Benthic Water Quality Data Files in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC.BENTHIC and http://www.epa.gov/r3chespk/infobase/lr/lrscpg1.htm.

	Field	Field	Width	
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>(dec)</u>	<u>Descriptions</u>
1	AGENCY	Character	6	Data Collection Agency
2	COLTYPE	Character	2	Sample Collection Type
3	CONDUCT	Numeric	8	Conductivity (umHo/cm)
4	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
5	DATE	Character	8	Sampling Date (MM/DD/YY)
6	DISOXY	Numeric	8 (2)	Dissolved Oxygen (ppm)
7	INS_CODE	Character	5	Chesapeake Bay Program Instrument Code
8	ORP	Numeric	8 (4)	Oxidation-Reduction Potential (mV/cm)
9	PH	Numeric	8 (2)	рН
10	REP_NUM	Numeric	8	Replicate Number
11	REP_TYPE	Character	3	Replicate Type
12	R_DATE	Character	8	Data Version Date (MM/DD/YY)
13	SALINITY	Numeric	8 (2)	Salinity (ppt)
14	SDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Sample Collection Depth
15	STATION	Character	14	Sampling Station
16	TEMP	Numeric	8 (2)	Water Temperature (C)
17	TRIB_COD	Character	3	Tributary Code

Table 15. Benthic Sediment Data Files in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC.BENTHIC] and http://www.epa.gov/r3chespk/infobase/lr/lrscpg1.htm.

NameType(dec)Descriptions1AGENCYCharacter6Data Collection Agency2CARBNATENumeric8 (2)Carbonate Content (Percent)3CARCHNNumeric8 (2)Carbon-CHN Analyzer (Percent)4CARIGNNumeric8 (2)Carbon-Ignition (Percent)	ber
2 CARBNATE Numeric 8 (2) Carbonate Content (Percent) 3 CARCHN Numeric 8 (2) Carbon-CHN Analyzer (Percent) 4 CARIGN Numeric 8 (2) Carbon-Ignition (Percent)	ber
3 CARCHN Numeric 8 (2) Carbon-CHN Analyzer (Percent) 4 CARIGN Numeric 8 (2) Carbon-Ignition (Percent)	ber
4 CARIGN Numeric 8 (2) Carbon-Ignition (Percent)	ber
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ber
6 OADMET N	ber
5 CARWET Numeric 8 (2) Carbox-Wet Oxidation (Percent)	ber
6 COLTYPE Character 2 Sample Collection Type	ber
7 CRUISE Character 6 Chesapeake Bay Program Bay Cruise Num	
8 DATE Character 8 Sampling Date (MM/DD/YY)	
9 GMETHOD Character 3 Chesapeake Bay Program Gear Method Co	de
10 KURT Numeric 8 (4) Kurtosis (Folk Method)	
11 MEDDIAM Numeric 8 (4) Median Diameter (PHI)	
12 MOIST Numeric 8 (4) Sediment Moisture (Percent)	
13 NITCHN Numeric 8 (2) Nitrogen-CHN Analyzer (Percent)	
14 REP_NUM Numeric 8 Replicate Number	
15 REP_TYPE Character 5 Replicate Type	
16 R_DATE Character 8 Data Version Date (MM/DD/YY)	
17 SAND Numeric 8 (2) Sand Content (Percent)	
18 SER_NUM Character 12 Sample Serial Number	
19 SILTCLAY Numeric 8 (2) Silt-Clay Content (Percent)	
20 SILT_G Numeric 8 (2) Silt (Grams)	
21 SKEW Numeric 8 (4) Skewness (Folk Method)	
22 SORT Numeric 8 (4) Sorting (Folk Method)	
23 STATION Character 14 Sampling Station	
24 VOLORG Numeric 8 (4) Volatile Organics Content (Percent)	
25 TRIB_COD Character 3 Tributary Code	

Table 16. Benthic Event Data Files in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC.BENTHIC and http://www.epa.gov/r3chespk/infobase/lr/lrscpg1.htm.

	Field	Field	Width	
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>(dec)</u>	<u>Descriptions</u>
1	AGENCY	Character	6	Data Collection Agency
2	COLTYPE	Character	2	Sample Collection Type
3	CRUISE	Character	6	Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise Number
4	DATE	Character	8	Sampling Date (MM/DD/YY)
5	LAT	Numeric	8 (4)	Latitude (Decimal Degrees)
6	LONG	Numeric	8 (4)	Longitude (Decimal Degrees)
7	PENETR	Numeric	8 (1)	Sampling Gear Penetration Depth (cm)
8	R_DATE	Character	8	Data Version Date (MM/DD/YY)
9	SITETYPE	Character	4	Site Selection Criteria
10	STATION	Character	14	Sampling Station
11	TRIP	Character	8	Agency Trip Number
12	TDEPTH	Numeric	8 (1)	Total Station Depth (Meters)
13	TIDE	Character	12	Tidal Stage (When Recorded)
14	TIME	Character	5	Sample Collection Time (HHMM)
15	TRIB COD	Character	3	Tributary Code

The 1996 Users Guide to CBP Biological and Living Resources Monitoring Data

#### APPENDIX B

## BIOLOGICAL AND LIVING RESOURCES DATA DICTIONARY: POSSIBLE FIELD NAMES

September 1996

This data dictionary is the source of terms used in defining data in the Chesapeake Bay Program living resources and biological database. The purpose of the data dictionary is to provide consistency within the CBP monitoring database by making data submittal and retrieval compatible among institutions that participate in the Program. This dictionary will be expanded as new parameters names are required. Institutions submitting data to the CBP monitoring database should use these variable names whenever possible so that names and units of measure are consistent within the CBP monitoring database.

This document of terms for living resources parameters lists the oneto eight-character parameter name, a brief parameter description, and the unit of measure for each parameter currently in the living resources data base. **Bold text** indicates current field name in Chesapeake Bay Program Living Resources Data sets.

DESCRIPTION

**CBP CODE** 

CHLA\_O

CHLA P

CHLA S

Meters above mean low water . . . . . . meter ABOVEMLW ACTIV ML Activity in sample (C14) . . . . . . . . . . . . uCi/ml Actual or estimated ash-free dry weight ......char **AEAFDW AEDRY** Actual or estimated dry weight ......char Ash-free dry weight for a sample . . . . . . . . . grams/sample **AFDW** Ash-free dry weight of non-bivalve **AFDWNB** species for a sample . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . grams AFDW\_TAX Ash-free dry weight for a taxon . . . . . . . . . grams/sample **AFDWNB TAX** Ash-free dry weight of non-bivalve species ..... grams **AFDWPROF** Total Ash-free dry weight of profile sample . . . . . . . . . grams Data collecting agency . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Table 1 **AGENCY** Presence or absence of an air bladder . . . . . . . . . . . . 0 or 1 AIRBLD B **ANSCODE ASH FRWT** Ash-free dry weight for a taxon . . . . . . . . . mg/m\*\*3 Total sample ash-free dry weight ......mg/m\*\*3 ASH\_WT Total Ash-free dry weight of non-bivalve species .... mg/m\*\*3 ASHNB\_WT Total sample ash-free dry weight ..... grams **ASHWT** Production Efficiency Ratio ..... ug-C/ug-chl A **ASMRATIO ATEMP** Air Temperature . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . deg C ATEMP M **BEROE** Number of Beroe ..... number/sample Volume of Beroe ..... ml/sample **BEROEVOL** BOTTYPE1 **BOTTYPE2** C14 D Carbon-14 detection limit . . . . . . . . . . . . Table 27 C14 M Carbon-14 analytical methods . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . char **CARBCHN** Carbon content (chn analyzer) ........... Carbon fixation Rate . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ug/L/H **CARBFIX** Carbon content (ignition) ..... % CARBIGN Carbonate content ..... % CARBNATE Carbon content (wet oxidation) . . . . . . . . . . . . % **CARBWET CHLAM** Monochromatic Total chlorophyll A (uncorrected for phaeophytin) ..... ug/l CHLAM A CHLAM C CHLAM D CHLAM M CHLAM\_N CHLAM\_O CHLAM P Standard deviation of lab replicates ......number CHLAM S CHLAM\_SK Background and spike value . . . . . . . . . . . . number Monochromatic active chlorophyll A **CHLA** (corrected for phaeophytin and turbidity) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ug/l CHLA A CHLA C Spike concentration ...... number CHLA D CHLA\_M CHLA\_N Number of values for standard deviation . . . . . . . . . . . number

Lab analysis sign-off ...... Initial

**UNITS** 

**UNITS** 

DESCRIPTION

CHLA SK Background and spike value . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . number Trichromatic chlorophyll A (corrected for turbidity) . . . . . . . . . . . ug/l CHL A CHL\_A\_A CHL\_A\_C CHL\_A\_D CHL A M CHL A N Number of values for standard deviation . . . . . . . . . . . number CHL\_A\_O CHL A P Percent recovery ...... % CHL\_A\_S Standard deviation of lab replicates ......number CHL A SK Background and spike value . . . . . . . . . . . . number Trichromatic chlorophyll B (corrected for turbidity) . . . . . . . . . . . ug/l CHL B CHL B A CHL\_B\_C Spike concentration .....number CHL\_B\_D CHL\_B\_M CHL B N CHL B O CHL\_B\_P CHL B S Standard deviation of lab replicates ..... number CHL\_B\_SK Trichromatic chlorophyll C (corrected for turbidity) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ug/l CHL C CHL\_C\_A CHL C C Spike concentration ...... number CHL\_C\_D CHL\_C\_M Method code ...... Table 21 CHL\_C\_N Number of values for standard deviation . . . . . . . . . . . number CHL C O CHL C P Percent recovery ...... % CHL\_C\_S Standard deviation of lab replicates .....number CHL C SK Background and spike value ......number CHL\_F Fluorometric chlorophyll A ..... ug/l CHL\_F\_A CHL F C CHL F D CHL F M Method code ..... Table 21 CHL\_F\_N Number of values for standard deviation . . . . . . . . . . . number CHL\_F\_O Lab analysis sign-off ...... Initial CHL F P Percent recovery ......% CHL F S Standard deviation of lab replicates ......number CHL\_F\_SK Background and spike value . . . . . . . . . . . . number Cocktail volume - C14 production ......ml CKTL VOL **CLAY** CLAY G Clay weight. . . . . . mg/sample CLAY MG **CLOUD** Cloud cover ...... Table 6 **CNIDA** Number of Cnidarians . . . . . . . . . . . number/sample **CNIDAVOL** Volume of Cnidarians ..... ml/sample **CNT** #/sample ......number CNT AL #/sample of species alive . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . number CNT DE #/sample of species dead ...... number

**CBP CODE** 

DESCRIPTION

**CBP CODE** 

CNT FE #/sample of females .....number CNT IM #/sample of immature . . . . . number CNT L Raw count/sample of a given length . . . . . . . . . . . . . number CNT\_LM2 Normalized count/m\*\*2 of a given length .....number CNT\_MA #/sample of males .....number CNT PROF CNT\_SUB #/subsample ...... number #organisms of a species/sample . . . . . . . . . number CNT\_TAX **CNT TOT** Total number organisms/sample . . . . . . . . . number CNT\_VOL Volume of particular species (esp Jellyfish, Ctenophore) . . . . . . . . liters **CNTPROSP** # species in a profile sample ......number Integrated/discrete collection . . . . . . . . . . . Table 14 COLTYPE COND M Specific conductivity method code ...... Table 21 CONDUCT Specific conductivity ..... umhos/cm Converts #/sample to normalized count ..... number CONVFACT Chesapeake Bay Program Cruise identifier . . . . . . . Table 3 **CRUISE** CS DEPTH Depth of core slice x ..... cm CSDEPTHX Number of Ctenophores . . . . . . . . . . number/sample CTENO **CTENOVOL** Volume of Ctenophores ..... ml/sample Date of sample collection ..... MM/DD/YY DATE **DEN 100I** #/100L . . . . . . number #/hundred m\*\*3 . . . . . . . number DEN HM3 DEN L #/liter . . . . . . . . . number DEN\_M2 #/m\*\*2 . . . . . . . number DEN\_M3 #/m\*\*3 ..... number DEN\_ML #/milliliter . . . . . . . . . . . number **DISOFFS** Distance off shore . . . . . meters Dissolved oxygen . . . . . . . . . . . . . . mg/l DISOXY DISOXY\_M Dark bottle dissolved oxygen ..... mg/l DO DK DO\_GROPR Gross productivity ..... mgC/l/hr DO LI Light bottle dissolved oxygen . . . . . mg/l DO NETPR Light\Dark Bottle Net productivity . . . . . . . . . mgC/l/hr DO PRO D 02 rate of change/day - production ......number 02 rate of change/hour - production .....number DO\_PRO\_H DO\_RES\_D 02 rate of change/day - respiration . . . . . . . . . . . . . number 02 rate of change/hour - respiration . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . number DO\_RES\_H DOC ID Documentation identification . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . number DODEL DK Final DO - Init DO (dark) ......mg/l Final DO - Init DO (light) ..... mg/l DODEL\_LT DRY WT **DRYWT** Dry weight ...... grams DVOL L Dilution volume ......liters **EUDEPTH** Euphotic zone (depth of 1% light) ..... meters **FOLKISTD** Inclusive graphic standard deviation (Folk Method) . . . . . . . . . number Mean diameter (Folk Method) ..... number **FOLKMEAN** Filtered volume ...... liters FVOL\_L FVOL M3 Filtered volume ..... m\*\*3 Sampling gear ..... Table 16 **GMETHOD** Gonad weight of individual . . . . . . . . . . . grams GONAD G

**UNITS** 

CBP CODE DESCRIPTION UNITS

GONAD_I	Mean population gonadal index for bivalves (Table XX)	number
HYDRA	Number of Hydra medusae r	
HYDRAVOL	Volume of Hydra medusae	ml/sample
INS_CODE	Instrument code	Table 22
JELLY	Number for jellyfish r	
JELLYVOL	Volume of jellyfish	
KURT	Kurtosis (Folk Method)	-
LAT	Latitude	
LAYER	Water column description	
LBL	Species Latin name	
LEN CM	Length of individual	
LEN MM	Length of individual	
LIFE STG	Life stages of individual	
<del>-</del>		
LIGHT_E	Light expressed as microeinsteins	
LIGHT_L	LANGLEYS as radiant energy (light)	
LIGHT_P	Light expressed as photons	
LIGHT_Q	Light expressed as quanta	
LIGHT_T	Light transmitted	
LONG	Longitude	
MAXDEPTH	Maximum sample depth	
MEDDIAM	Median diameter	
MINDEPTH	Minimum sample depth	meters
MNEMIOP	Number of Mnemiopsis	number/sample
MNEMVOL	Volume of Mnemiopsis	ml/sample
MOIST	Moisture of sediment	%
MOMCKURT	Kurtosis (Method of Moments - McBride in Carver 71)	number
MOMCSKEW	Skewness (Method of Moments - McBride in Carver 71)	
MOMEAN 1	Mean diameter (Method of Moments)	
MOMTKURT	Kurtosis (Method of Moments - Math Tables Handbook	
MOMTSKEW	Skewness (Method of Moments - Math Tables Handbook)	
MOSTD 2	Standard deviation (Method of Moments)	
NETMESH	Screen mesh width	
NITCHN	Nitrogen-CHN analyzer (Percent)	
NODCCODE	NOAA-NODC species code	
ODUCODE	Old Dominion University species code	
ORP	Redox potential	
P DEPTH	Composite sample cut-off depth	
PENETR	Gear penetration depth	
PH	Sample pH	
PHEA		
· · · — · ·	Monochromatic Phaeophytin	_
PHEA_A	Analysis problem	
PHEA_D	Detection limit	
PHEA_M	Method code	
PHEA_N	Number of values for standard deviation	
PHEA_O	Lab analysis sign-off	
PHEA_P	Percent recovery	
PHEA_S	Standard deviation of lab replicates	
PRECIP	Precipitation	
QUARTDEV	Quartile deviation	
R_DATE	Version date of data	MM/DD/YY
REP_NUM	Replicate number	number

CBP CODE DESCRIPTION UNITS

REP_TYPE	Replicate type code	
SALIN_I	Interstitial salinity	• • •
SALIN_M	Salinity method code	
SALINITY	Salinity	
SALZONE	Salinity zone	
SAMVOL_L	Sample volume	
SAND	Percent sand	
SAND_G	Sand weight	
SAND_MG	Sand weight	
SAV_B	Presence or absence of submerged aquatic vegetation	
SAV_P	Maximum percent of area covered by aquatic vegetation	
SAVPRES	Translated or natural submerged aquatic vegetation	
SC200	#/sample - 202 um size class	
SC2000	#/sample - 2000 um size class	
SC300	#/sample - 300 um size class	
SC600	#/sample - 600 um size class	
SC850	#/sample - 850 um size class	
SDEPTH	Sample depth from water surface	
SECCHI	Secchi depth	
SEGMENT	Chesapeake Bay Program segment designation	
SER_NUM	Data collection agency sample serial number	
SET_VOL	Settled volume (ml per cubic meter)	
SET_VOLZ	Settled volume of zooplankton (ml per cubic meter)	
SETVOL 7	Settled volume (ml per sample)	
SETVOLZ	Settled volume of zooplankton (ml per sample)	
SEX	Sex of individuals	
SIG_T	Specific gravity of water	
SILT	Percent silt	
SILT_G	silt Weightg	•
SIILT_MG SILTCLAY	Silt weight	•
SITE	Collecting agency site code	
SITETYPE	Site type	
SITENO	Collecting agency site number	
SKEW	Skewness (Folk Method)	
SORT	Sorting (Folk Method)	
SPEC_ACT	Specific activity of label(DPM)	
SPECCODE	Agency Species Code	
SPIKETIM	Spike time	
SSVOL ML	Subsample volume	
STATION	Sampling station identifier	
STEMP	Sediment temperature	
TDEN L	Total number per liter	
TDEN_M3	Total density per meter cubed	
TDEPTH	Total water depth at station (bottom depth)	
TEMP	Water temperature	
TEMP M	Water temperature measurement method	
TIDE	Tidal stage	
TIM_CNT	Time counted - C14 production	
TIMDUR_H	Duration of incubation period	
TIME	Sampling time	
	-	

CBP CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNITS
TIME_BEG TIME_END TOW_DUR TOW_LEN TOW_SPD TREATMT TRIB_COD TRIP TSN	Beginning time	M S S C 1 5 n
TURB_JTU	Turbidity in Jackson units	
TURB_NTU	Turbidity in Nephelometric units	
TVS_P UNITS	Total volatile solids (w/w)	2
VERCODE VOLORG	Maryland Power Plant Study (Versar) species codescha Volatile organics %	
WAVHGT	Wave height Table	
WINDIR	Wind direction	
WINDSPD	Wind speed	
WT_ASH WT_AWT	Ash weight mg/m**: Wet ash weight mg/m**:	
WT_G	Weight in grams	
WT_MG	Weight in milligrams	
WT_MNG	Mean weight in grams gram	
WTASH	Ash weight gram	
WTAWT	Wet ash weight	
WTSED_G	Weight of sediment/sample gram	5

## APPENDIX C

# LIVING RESOURCES DATA DICTIONARY: EXPLANATION OF PARAMETER CODES

September 1996

A variety of numeric and alphanumeric codes are used by the Chesapeake Bay Program to identify specific sampling gears, analytical methods, collecting agencies, segment, cruise number, etc. These codes are documented in this appendix.

Table 1. Data Collecting Agency (**AGENCY**). An eight-character code indicating who has submitted the data. Current values for this field are given.

ANS	Benedict Estuarine Research Center, Academy of Natural Sciences
DCRA	District of Columbia Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs
ICPRB	Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin
GMU	George Mason University
MD/DNR	Maryland, Department of Natural Resources
MD/MDE	Maryland, Maryland Department of the Environment
ODU	Old Dominion University
SRBC	Susquehanna River Basin Commission
PA/DER	Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources
UM/HPEL	University of Maryland, Horn Point Environmental Laboratory
UM/CBL	University of Maryland, Chesapeake Biological Laboratory
US/NOAA	U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
VA/WCB	Virginia Water Control Board
VERSAR	Versar Incorporated

Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences

VIMS

Table 2. Sampling Station Identifier (**STATION**). A list of the current, **fixed** monitoring stations for Chesapeake Bay Program biological monitoring programs is given here. The list can be obtained through CHESSEE by selecting 'Dictionary.' (CHESSEE is the menu-driven information retrieval software program currently on the CHESIE computer which is designed to give users data documentation files about selected water quality and toxic pollutant monitoring data available from the Data Center.) The Sampling Station file is made up of the 1 to 8 character station identifications and each station's associated latitude/longitude, basin, and station location description. Zero's in the latitude and/or longitude columns indicates these values are not available.

*NOTE:* the benthic monitoring program in Maryland and Virginia use randomly selected sampling sites at times. These sites are given unique station identifiers in the databases and are not included in the following list.

STATION	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	TRIB_COD	RIVER	
CB1.1	39.5467	76.0817	BAY	Chesapeake	Вау
CB2.1	39.44	76.025	BAY	Chesapeake	Вау
CB2.2	39.3483	76.175	BAY	Chesapeake	Вау
CB3.1	39.25	76.24	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB3.2	39.165	76.3083	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB3.3W	39.0033	76.3883	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB3.3C	38.9958	76.36	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB3.3E	39.0033	76.3467	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB4.0C	38.9269	76.3947	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB4.0W	38.9272	76.4331	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB4.0E	38.9269	76.3872	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB4.1W	38.8142	76.465	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB4.1C	38.8267	76.4	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB4.1E	38.8167	76.3717	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB4.2W	38.6433	76.5017	BAY	Chesapeake	Вау

CB4.2C	38.6467	76.4183	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB4.2E	38.645	76.4017	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB4.3W	38.5575	76.4933	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB4.3C	38.5567	76.4367	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB4.3E	38.5567	76.3917	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB4.4	38.4133	76.3433	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB5.1	38.3183	76.2933	BAY	Chesapeake	
CB5.2	38.1367	76.2292	BAY	Chesapeake	
CB5.3	37.9117	76.1683	BAY	Chesapeake	
LE2.3	38.0217	76.35	BAY	Chesapeake	
CB5.4	37.8	76.175	BAY	Chesapeake	
CB5.4W	37.8133	76.295	BAY	Chesapeake	
CB5.1W	37.6917	76.19	BAY	Chesapeake	
EE3.4	37.9083	75.7917	BAY	Chesapeake	
EE3.5	37.7925	75.8436	BAY	Chesapeake	
LE3.6	37.5967	76.285	BAY	Chesapeake	
LE3.7	37.5306	76.3069	BAY	Chesapeake	
CB6.1	37.5883	76.1625	BAY	Chesapeake	
CB6.2	37.4867	76.1567	BAY	Chesapeake	
CB6.3	37.4114	76.16	BAY	Chesapeake	
CB7.1N	37.775	75.975	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB7.1	37.6833	75.99	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB7.1S	37.5811	76.0583	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB7.2	37.4114	76.08	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
CB7.2E	37.4114	76.025	BAY	Chesapeake	Bay
WE4.1	37.3117	76.3467	BAY	Chesapeake	
WE4.2	37.2417	76.3867	BAY	Chesapeake	
WE4.3	37.1767	76.3733	BAY	Chesapeake	
WE4.4	37.11	76.2933	BAY	Chesapeake	
LE5.5	36.9967	76.3033	BAY	Chesapeake	
CB8.1	36.9875	76.1681	BAY	Chesapeake	
CB8.1E	36.945	76.025	BAY	Chesapeake	
CB7.4	36.9933	76.023	BAY	Chesapeake	
CB7.4 CB7.4N	37.0581	75.9731	BAY	Chesapeake	
		76.1256			
CB7.3	37.1167		BAY	Chesapeake	
CB7.3E	37.2286	76.0542	BAY	Chesapeake	
CB6.4	37.2364	76.2083	BAY	Chesapeake	вау
ELI1	36.95	76.3458	ELZ	Elizabeth	
ELI2	36.8822	76.3392	ELZ	Elizabeth	
ELI3	36.8589	76.3256	ELZ	Elizabeth	
WBE1	36.8431	76.3597	ELZ	Elizabeth	
LAF1	36.9056	76.3061	ELZ	Elizabeth	
SBE1	36.8325	76.295	ELZ	Elizabeth	
SBE2	36.8125	76.3061	ELZ	Elizabeth	
SBE3	36.7903	76.3042	ELZ	Elizabeth	
SBE4	36.7767	76.3	ELZ	Elizabeth	
SBE5	36.7697	76.2964	ELZ	Elizabeth	
EBE1	36.8406	76.2894	ELZ	Elizabeth	
EBE2	36.8394	76.2656	ELZ	Elizabeth	
ANA01	38.9181	76.9419	ANA	Anacostia	
ANA02	38.9156	76.9456	ANA	Anacostia	
ANA03	38.9147	76.9503	ANA	Anacostia	
ANA04	38.9128	76.9533	ANA	Anacostia	
ANA05	38.9092	76.9561	ANA	Anacostia	
771/17/O	50.7074	,0.,001	7.3774.7	1110COBCIA	

Appendix C-2 Explanation of Parameter Codes

ANA06	38.9056	76.9583	ANA	Anacostia
ANA07	38.9019	76.9606	ANA	Anacostia
ANA08	38.8986	76.9625	ANA	Anacostia
ANA09	38.895	76.9625	ANA	Anacostia
ANA10	38.8908	76.9633	ANA	Anacostia
ANA11	38.8839	76.9692	ANA	Anacostia
ANA12	38.8839	76.9692	ANA	Anacostia
ANA13	38.8772	76.9722	ANA	Anacostia
ANA14	38.8772	76.9758	ANA	Anacostia
ANA15	38.8758	76.9806	ANA	Anacostia
ANA16	38.8742	76.985	ANA	Anacostia
ANA17	38.875	76.9886	ANA	Anacostia
ANA18	38.8697	76.9428	ANA	Anacostia
ANA19	38.8703	76.9469	ANA	Anacostia
ANA20	38.8714	76.0014	ANA	Anacostia
ANA21	38.8528	77.005	ANA	Anacostia
ANA22	38.8683	77.0072	ANA	Anacostia
ANA23	38.8631	77.0094	ANA	Anacostia
ANA24	38.8611	77.0131	ANA	Anacostia
ANA25	38.8589	77.0172	ANA	Anacostia
ANA26	38.8561	77.0194	ANA	Anacostia
ANA27	38.8528	77.0208	ANA	Anacostia
ANA29	38.8506	77.0225	ANA	Anacostia
ANA30	38.9428	76.9675	ANA	Anacostia
KNG01	38.8903	76.9444	RC	Rock Creek
KNGO2	38.8975	76.9661	RC	Rock Creek
PEC01	38.8122	77.0278	POT	Potomac
PEC02	38.8083	77.0244	POT	Potomac
PEC03	38.8053	77.0211	POT	Potomac
PEC04	38.8042	77.0244	POT	Potomac
PEC05	38.8003	77.0211	POT	Potomac
PEC06	38.7947	77.0211	POT	Potomac
PEC07	38.7908	77.025	POT	Potomac
PEC08	38.7869	77.0201	POT	Potomac
PEC09	38.7833	77.0228	POT	Potomac
PEC10	38.7794	77.0283	POT	Potomac
PMS01	38.9178	77.105	POT	Potomac
PMS02	38.9144	77.1028	POT	Potomac
PMS03	38.9111	77.1023	POT	Potomac
PMS04	38.9086	77.1003	POT	Potomac
PMS05	38.7564	77.0925	POT	Potomac
PMS06	38.905	77.0883	POT	Potomac
PMS07	38.9036	77.0842	POT	Potomac
PMS07	38.9033	77.0342	POT	Potomac
PMS00	38.9028	77.0753	POT	Potomac
PMS10	38.9022	77.0697	POT	Potomac
PMS10 PMS11	38.9014	77.0658	POT	Potomac
PMS11	38.9003	77.0617	POT	Potomac
PMS12 PMS13	38.8983	77.0517	POT	Potomac
PMS13	38.895	77.0567	POT	Potomac
PMS14 PMS15	38.8917	77.0556	POT	Potomac
PMS15 PMS16	38.8881	77.0536	POT	Potomac
PMS10 PMS17	38.8847	77.0544	POT	Potomac
EMOT /	50.004/	11.0333	FOI	FULUMAC

PMS18	38.8811	77.0522	POT	Potomac
PMS19	38.8789	77.0489	POT	Potomac
PMS20	38.8764	77.0383	POT	Potomac
PMS21	38.8742	77.0425	POT	Potomac
PMS22	38.8719	77.0383	POT	Potomac
PMS23	38.8697	77.0344	POT	Potomac
PMS24	38.8664	77.0192	POT	Potomac
PMS25	38.8631	77.0294	POT	Potomac
PMS26	38.86	77.0278	POT	Potomac
PMS27	38.8569	77.0264	POT	Potomac
PMS28	38.8536	77.0244	POT	Potomac
PMS29	38.8503	77.0225	POT	Potomac
PMS30	38.8467	77.0233	POT	Potomac
PMS31	38.8428	77.0239	POT	Potomac
PMS32	38.8392	77.0253	POT	Potomac
PMS33	38.8356	77.0267	POT	Potomac
PMS34	38.8322	77.0283	POT	Potomac
PMS35	38.8286	77.0308	POT	Potomac
PMS36	38.8253	77.0308	POT	Potomac
PMS37	38.8217	77.0314	POT	Potomac
PMS38	38.8178	77.0328	POT	Potomac
PMS39	38.8139	77.0342	POT	Potomac
PMS40	38.8103	77.035	POT	Potomac
PMS41	38.8064	77.0361	POT	Potomac
PMS42	38.8042	77.0364	POT	Potomac
PMS43	38.8003	77.0369	POT	Potomac
PMS44	38.7947	77.0372	POT	Potomac
PMS45	38.7908	77.0375	POT	Potomac
PMS46	38.7869	77.0375	POT	Potomac
PMS47	38.7833	77.035	POT	Potomac
PMS48	38.7794	77.0358	POT	Potomac
PMS49	38.7792	77.0344	POT	Potomac
PMS50	38.7758	77.0344	POT	Potomac
PMS51	38.77	77.0317	POT	Potomac
PTB01	38.8869	77.0397	POT	Potomac Tidal Basin
PWC01	38.8811	77.0314	POT	Potomac Washington Channel
PWC02	38.8797	77.0281	POT	Potomac Washington Channel
PWC03	38.8769	77.0247	POT	Potomac Washington Channel
PWC04	38.8736	77.0225	POT	Potomac Washington Channel
PWC05	38.8706	77.0203	POT	Potomac Washington Channel
PWC06	38.8669	77.0203	POT	Potomac Washington Channel
PWC07	38.8631	77.0217	POT	Potomac Washington Channel
PWC08	38.86	77.0197	POT	Potomac Washington Channel
RCR01	38.9864	77.0639	RC	Rock Creek
RCR04	38.9603	77.0442	RC	Rock Creek
RCR07	38.9339	77.0492	RC	Rock Creek
RCR09	38.9283	77.0497	RC	Rock Creek
TBK01	38.9178	77.1208	RC	Rock Creek
TCO01	38.8944	77.075	RC	Rock Creek
TC006	38.9275	77.1017	RC	Rock Creek
TDA01	38.9286	77.1222	RC	Rock Creek
TDU01	38.8833	76.9767	RC	Rock Creek
TFB01	38.9275	77.0833	RC	Rock Creek
TFC01	38.8867	76.9375	RC	Rock Creek
			-	<del>-</del>

Appendix C-4 Explanation of Parameter Codes

TFD01	38.87	76.9583	RC	Rock Creek
TFS01	38.8667	76.975	RC	Rock Creek
THR01	38.9083	76.9625	RC	Rock Creek
THR04	38.9156	76.9633	RC	Rock Creek
THRN4	38.9225	76.9683	RC	Rock Creek
THRP1	38.9186	76.9664	RC	Rock Creek
THRP2	38.9156	76.9631	RC	Rock Creek
TNA01	38.91	76.9417	RC	Rock Creek
TOR01	38.8317	77.0411	RC	Rock Creek
TPB01	38.8783	76.9722	RC	Rock Creek
TTX27	38.8683	76.9694	RC	Rock Creek
	38.9183	76.9533	RC	Rock Creek
TUT01				
TWB01	38.9033	76.9458	RC	Rock Creek
TWB02	38.8978	76.9489	RC	Rock Creek
TWB03	38.8956	76.9389	RC	Rock Creek
TWB04	38.8936	76.9292	RC	Rock Creek
TWB05	38.8908	76.9178	RC	Rock Creek
TWB06	38.8903	76.9183	RC	Rock Creek
MET1.1	39.575	75.958		Northeast
MET2.1	39.525	75.817		C & D Canal
MET2.3	39.508	75.9		Elk
MET2.2	39.467	75.875		Bohemia
MET3.1	39.367	75.883		Sassafras
MET4.1	39.258	75.925	CHS	Chester
MET4.2	38.992	76.217	CHS	Chester
MEE1.1	38.883	76.25		Eastern Chesapeake Bay
MWT1.1	39.433	76.242		Bush
MWT2.1	39.383	76.342		Gunpowder
MWT3.1	39.3	76.4		Middle
MWT4.1	39.292	76.45		Back
MWT5.1	39.208	76.525	PAT	Patapsco
MWT6.1	39.075	76.475		Magothy
MWT7.1	39.017	76.508		Severn
MWT8.1	38.933	76.517		South
MWT8.2	38.883	76.533		Rhode
MWT8.3	38.85	76.533		West
PXT0402	38.71	76.702	PAX	Patuxent
XED9490	38.658	76.685	PAX	Patuxent
XED4892	38.582	76.681	PAX	Patuxent
PXT0603	38.856	76.693	PAX	Patuxent
WXT0045	38.814	76.751	PAX	Patuxent
PXT045	38.773	76.71		
			PAX	Patuxent
XDE9401	38.491	76.664	PAX	Patuxent
XDE5339	38.425	76.602	PAX	Patuxent
XDE2792	38.379	76.511	PAX	Patuxent
XDF0407	38.341	76.488	PAX	Patuxent
XCF8747	38.312	76.422	PAX	Patuxent
PXT0904	38.81	76.713	PAX	Patuxent
MET5.1	38.807	75.912	CHP	Choptank
MEE2.1	38.65	76.275	CHP	Lower Choptank
MET5.2	38.58	76.06	CHP	Choptank
MEE2.2	38.533	76.308	CHP	Choptank
XFB2470	38.706	77.049	POT	Potomac

XFB1433	38.691	77.111	POT	Potomac
XEA6596	38.608	77.174	POT	Potomac
MAT0016	38.565	77.194	POT	Potomac
XEA1840	38.53	77.266	POT	Potomac
MET6.1	38.533	75.717		Nanticoke
MET6.2	38.333	75.883		Nanticoke
MAT0078	38.588	77.119	POT	Lower Potomac
XDA4238	38.403	77.269	POT	Lower Potomac
XDB3321	38.388	77.131	POT	Lower Potomac
XDC1706	38.363	76.991	POT	Lower Potomac
XDA1177	38.352	77.205	POT	Lower Potomac
MLE2.2	38.167	76.583	POT	Lower Potomac
XCF9575	38.325	76.376	PAX	Lower-Mid Chesapeake Bay
XCG8613	38.311	76.312	PAX	Lower-Mid Chesapeake Bay
MEE3.0	38.283	76.017		Fishing Bay
MEE3.1	38.2	75.975	TAN	Upper Tangier Sound
MEE3.2	37.967	75.933	TAN	Lower Tangier Sound
MEE3.3	37.942	75.767	11114	Pocomoke Sound
TF3.1A	38.255	77.412	RAP	Rappahannock
TF3.1B	38.246	77.234	RAP	Rappahannock
TF3.1b	38.175	77.234	RAP	
TF3.3				Rappahannock
	38.019	76.908	RAP	Rappahannock
RET3.1	37.92	76.822	RAP	Rappahannock
RET3.2	37.808	76.713	RAP	Rappahannock
LE3.1	37.761	76.621	RAP	Rappahannock
LE3.3	37.693	76.473		Corrotoman
LE3.2	37.67	76.554	RAP	Rappahannock
LE3.4	37.633	76.463	RAP	Rappahannock
RET4.2	37.572	76.793		Mattaponi
RET4.3	37.507	76.788	YRK	York
LE4.1	37.418	76.693	YRK	York
LE4.2	37.292	76.558	YRK	York
LE4.3	37.235	76.485	YRK	York
TF5.2	37.531	77.434	JAM	James
TF5.2A	37.45	77.42	JAM	James
TF5.3	37.403	77.392	JAM	James
RET5.1A	37.312	76.873		Chickahominy
TF5.5	37.313	77.233	JAM	James
TF5.4	37.311	77.297	JAM	James
TF5.5A	37.3	77.125	JAM	James
TF5.6	37.275	76.989	JAM	James
LE5.1	37.207	76.652	JAM	James
RET5.2	37.21	76.793	JAM	James
LE5.2	37.058	76.583	JAM	James
LE5.3	36.99	76.46	JAM	James
LE5.4	36.955	76.392	JAM	James
LE5.6	36.903	76.333	JAM	James
TF4.4	37.723	77.024		Mattaponi
TF4.2	37.58	77.022	YRK	Pumunkey
RET4.1	37.525	76.87	YRK	Pumunkey
SUSQ4.8	39.571	76.092	SUS	Susquehanna
SUSQ44.5	40.054	76.531	SUS	Susquehanna
SUSQ289.	41.985	76.501	SUS	Susquehanna
SUSQ340.	41.966	75.743	SUS	Susquehanna
222210.	,		~~~	

Appendix C-6 Explanation of Parameter Codes

SUSQ365.	42.074	75.637	SUS	Susquehanna
CHEM12.0	42.002	76.468	SUS	Susquehanna
TIOG10.8	42.029	77.132	SUS	Susquehanna
SEEL10.3	42.001	76.903	SUS	Susquehanna
CAYT1.7	42	76.523	SUS	Susquehanna
SNAK2.3	41.994	75.795	SUS	Susquehanna
DEER44.2	39.717	76.586	SUS	Susquehanna
EBAV1.5	39.725	76.596	SUS	Susquehanna
CNWG4.4	39.726	76.186	SUS	Susquehanna
OCT06.6	39.707	76.116	SUS	Susquehanna
APAL6.9	41.995	76.133	SUS	Susquehanna
BNTY0.9	42.009	76.73	SUS	Susquehanna
CPBK2.0	41.997	77.338	SUS	Susquehanna
CACS1.6	42	75.579	SUS	Susquehanna
CHOC9.1	41.991	76.001	SUS	Susquehanna
COWN2.2	41.989	77.147	SUS	Susquehanna
HLDN3.5	42.004	77.393	SUS	Susquehanna
LSNK7.6	41.997	75.898	SUS	Susquehanna
NFCR7.6	41.997	77.623	SUS	Susquehanna
SOUT2.8	41.989	76.774	SUS	Susquehanna
TRUP4.5	41.99	77.492	SUS	Susquehanna
TROW1.8	42	75.732	SUS	Susquehanna
WAPP2.6	41.994	76.344	SUS	Susquehanna
BRHR0.1	41.996	76.344	SUS	Susquehanna
SACK2.6	41.995	76.397	SUS	Susquehanna
PARK0.7	41.998	76.46	SUS	Susquehanna
HESS0.1	41.978	77.25	SUS	Susquehanna
LNGA2.5	39.725	76.982	SUS	Susquehanna
SBCC20.4	39.726	76.981	SUS	Susquehanna
BBCC4.1	39.717	76.492	SUS	Susquehanna
FBDC4.1	39.712	76.443	SUS	Susquehanna
SCTT3.0	39.723	76.337	SUS	Susquehanna
N0201	40.029	76.517	SUS	Susquehanna
N0202	40.258	76.887	SUS	Susquehanna
N0203	40.854	76.806	SUS	Susquehanna
N0204	39.893	76.358	SUS	Susquehanna
N0206	40.055	76.526	SUS	Susquehanna
N0207	40.011	76.711	SUS	Susquehanna
N0210	40.081	76.718	SUS	Susquehanna
N0211	40.199	76.717	SUS	Susquehanna
N0212	40.224	76.861	SUS	Susquehanna
N0213	40.26	77.103	SUS	Susquehanna
N0214	40.478	77.129	SUS	Susquehanna
N0217	40.609	78.136	SUS	Susquehanna
N0220	40.596	77.573	SUS	Susquehanna
N0223	40.215	78.265	SUS	Susquehanna
N0224	40.477	78.178	SUS	Susquehanna
N0228	40.775	76.87	SUS	Susquehanna
N0229	40.866	77.049	SUS	Susquehanna
N0231	39.961	76.366	SUS	Susquehanna
N0240	40.271	76.915	SUS	Susquehanna
N0243	40.381	77.082	SUS	Susquehanna
N0245	40.529	77.392	SUS	Susquehanna

N0249	40.335	77.86	SUS	Susquehanna
N0252	40.431	78.363	SUS	Susquehanna
N0301	40.958	76.619	SUS	Susquehanna
N0302	41.189	76.087	SUS	Susquehanna
N0303	41.35	75.801	SUS	Susquehanna
N0305	41.765	76.441	SUS	Susquehanna
N0306	41.963	75.743	SUS	Susquehanna
N0308	40.995	76.474	SUS	Susquehanna
N0309	41.055	76.232	SUS	Susquehanna
N0310	41.071	76.134	SUS	Susquehanna
N0313	41.359	75.745	SUS	Susquehanna
N0317	41.558	75.895	SUS	Susquehanna
N0318	41.708	76.485	SUS	Susquehanna
N0320	41.996	77.142	SUS	Susquehanna
N0324	41.958	77.116	SUS	Susquehanna
N0332	41.978	76.549	SUS	Susquehanna
N0333	41.79	76.462	SUS	Susquehanna
N0334	41.697	76.231	SUS	Susquehanna
N0335	41.831	76.35	SUS	Susquehanna
N0337	41.416	76.091	SUS	Susquehanna
N0401	40.967	76.879	SUS	Susquehanna
N0402	41.229	77.019	SUS	Susquehanna
N0406	40.897	78.677	SUS	Susquehanna
N0407	41.217	76.788	SUS	Susquehanna
N0408	41.325	76.912	SUS	Susquehanna
N0409	41.418	77.033	SUS	Susquehanna
N0410	41.283	77.323	SUS	Susquehanna
N0412	41.126	77.433	SUS	Susquehanna
N0413	40.975	77.743	SUS	Susquehanna
N0415	40.89	77.794	SUS	Susquehanna
N0418	41.261	77.903	SUS	Susquehanna
N0419	41.32	78.081	SUS	Susquehanna
N0420	41.413	78.197	SUS	Susquehanna
N0422	40.986	78.406	SUS	Susquehanna
N0423	41.075	77.592	SUS	Susquehanna
N0427	41.075	76.873	SUS	Susquehanna
N0428	41.456	76.69	SUS	Susquehanna
N0429	41.309	77.363	SUS	Susquehanna
N0430	41.738	77.431	SUS	Susquehanna
N0433	41.075	77.478	SUS	Susquehanna
N0434	41.319	77.874	SUS	Susquehanna
N0439	41.334	78.136	SUS	Susquehanna
N0501	39.507	77.791	SUS	Susquehanna
N0503	39.733	77.229	SUS	Susquehanna
N0505	39.723	78.06	SUS	Susquehanna
N0506	39.927	78.66	SUS	Susquehanna
MET7.1	38.267	75.792		Wicomico
MET8.1	38.142	75.817		Manokin
MET9.1	38.058	75.808		Big Annemessey
ANPC	38.9717	76.4633	SEV	Severn
ANPS	39.0067	76.4033	BAY	Chesapeake Bay
MLE2.3	38.0217	76.3483	POT	Lower Potomac
SOL	38.3217	76.45	PAT	Patuxent
TIL	38.72	76.3333	BAY	Chesapeake Bay
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Appendix C-8 Explanation of Parameter Codes

TOLCHES	39.2133	76.2467	BAY	Chesapeake Bay
XDA3000C	38.4388	77.2752	POT	Potomac
XDA3000E	38.4312	77.27	POT	Potomac
XDA3000	38.4312	77.315	POT	Potomac
XEA4000C	38.5598	77.2385	POT	Potomac
XEA4000E	38.5632	77.193	POT	Potomac
XEA5000C	38.594	77.2032	POT	Potomac
XEA5000E	38.5878	77.195	POT	Potomac
XEA6000	38.6772	77.1657	POT	Potomac
XEA9075	38.672	77.1322	POT	Potomac
LE3.4B	37.6242	76.4622	RAP	Rappahanock
LE4.3B	37.2294	76.4728	YRK	York
RET5.2A	37.2078	76.7042	JAM	James

Table 3. Cruise Identifier (**CRUISE**). This alpha-numeric code identifies the cruise to which the data observation belongs. Cruise identification is useful for grouping data that are collected over a range of sample dates, but which are considered data for a specific sampling period. The complete listing may be found in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC] BAYCRUZ.TXT. Please note that the Maryland Phytoplankton program has adjusted some cruise periods. Deviations from the regular cruise schedule can be found in LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC] ANSCRUZ.TXT. A sample of current values for this field are below.

	BEGINNING	ENDING		BEGINNING	ENDING
CRUISE	DATE	DATE	CRUISE	DATE	DATE
BAY001	06/15/84	06/30/84	BAY044	08/01/86	08/15/86
BAY002	07/01/84	07/15/84	BAY045	08/16/86	08/31/86
BAY003	07/16/84	07/31/84	BAY046	09/01/86	09/15/86
BAY004	08/01/84	08/15/84	BAY047	09/16/86	09/30/86
BAY005	08/16/84	08/31/84	BAY048	10/01/86	10/15/86
BAY006	09/01/84	09/15/84	BAY049	10/16/86	10/31/86
BAY007	09/16/84	09/30/84	BAY050	11/01/86	11/30/86
BAY008	10/01/84	10/15/84	BAY051	12/01/86	12/31/86
BAY009	10/16/84	10/31/84	BAY052	01/01/87	01/31/87
BAY010	11/01/84	11/30/84	BAY053	02/01/87	02/28/87
BAY011	12/01/84	12/31/84	BAY054	03/01/87	03/15/87
BAY012	01/01/85	01/31/85	BAY055	03/16/87	03/31/87
BAY013	02/01/85	02/28/85	BAY056	04/01/87	04/15/87
BAY014	03/01/85	03/15/85	BAY057	04/16/87	04/30/87
BAY015	03/16/85	03/31/85	BAY058	05/01/87	05/15/87
BAY016	04/01/85	04/15/85	BAY059	05/16/87	05/31/87
BAY017	04/16/85	04/30/85	BAY060	06/01/87	06/15/87
BAY018	05/01/85	05/15/85	BAY061	06/16/87	06/30/87
BAY019	05/16/85	05/31/85	BAY062	07/01/87	07/17/87
BAY020	06/01/85	06/15/85	BAY063	07/18/87	07/31/87
BAY021	06/16/85	06/30/85	BAY064	08/01/87	08/15/87
BAY022	07/01/85	07/15/85	BAY065	08/16/87	08/31/87
BAY023	07/16/85	07/31/85	BAY066	09/01/87	09/15/87
BAY024	08/01/85	08/15/85	BAY067	09/16/87	09/30/87
BAY025	08/16/85	08/31/85	BAY068	10/01/87	10/15/87
BAY026	09/01/85	09/15/85	BAY069	10/16/87	10/31/87
BAY027	09/16/85	10/02/85	BAY070	11/01/87	11/30/87
BAY028	10/03/85	10/14/85	BAY071	12/01/87	12/31/87
BAY029	10/15/85	11/06/85	BAY072	01/01/88	01/31/88
BAY030	11/07/85	11/30/85	BAY073	02/01/88	02/28/88
BAY031	12/01/85	12/31/85	BAY074	03/01/88	03/15/88
BAY032	01/01/86	01/31/86	BAY075	03/16/88	03/31/88
BAY033	02/01/86	02/28/86	BAY076	04/01/88	04/15/88
BAY034	03/01/86	03/15/86	BAY077	04/16/88	04/30/88
BAY035	03/16/86	03/31/86	BAY078	05/01/88	05/15/88
BAY036	04/01/86	04/15/86	BAY079	05/16/88	05/31/88
BAY037	04/16/86	04/30/86	BAY080	06/01/88	06/14/88
BAY038	05/01/86	05/15/86	BAY081	06/15/88	06/30/88
BAY039	05/16/86	05/31/86	BAY082	07/01/88	07/15/88
BAY040	06/01/86	06/15/86	BAY083	07/16/88	07/31/88
BAY041	06/16/86	06/30/86	BAY084	08/01/88	08/15/88
BAY042	07/01/86	07/15/86	BAY085	08/16/88	08/31/88
BAY043	07/16/86	07/31/86	BAY086	09/01/88	09/13/88

Table 3. Cruise Identifier (continued)

	BEGINNING	ENDING		BEGINNING	ENDING
CRUISE	DATE	DATE	CRUISE	DATE	DATE
BAY087	09/14/88	09/30/88	BAY136	04/01/91	04/15/91
BAY088	10/01/88	10/15/88	BAY137	04/16/91	04/30/91
BAY089	10/16/88	10/31/88	BAY138	05/01/91	05/15/91
BAY090	11/01/88	11/30/88	BAY139	05/16/91	05/31/91
BAY091	12/01/88	12/31/88	BAY140	06/01/91	06/15/91
BAY092	01/01/89	01/31/89	BAY141	06/16/91	06/30/91
BAY093	02/01/89	02/28/89	BAY142	07/01/91	07/15/91
BAY094	03/01/89	03/15/89	BAY143	07/16/91	07/31/91
BAY095	03/16/89	03/31/89	BAY144	08/01/91	08/15/91
BAY096	04/01/89	04/15/89	BAY145	08/16/91	08/31/91
BAY097	04/16/89	04/30/89	BAY146	09/01/91	09/15/91
BAY098	05/01/89	05/15/89	BAY147	09/16/91	09/30/91
BAY099	05/16/89	05/31/89	BAY148	10/01/91	10/15/91
BAY100	06/01/89	06/15/89	BAY149	10/16/91	10/31/91
BAY101	06/16/89	06/30/89	BAY150	11/01/91	11/30/91
BAY102	07/01/89	07/15/89	BAY151	12/01/91	12/31/91
BAY103	07/16/89	07/31/89	BAY152	01/01/92	01/31/92
BAY104	08/01/89	08/15/89	BAY153	02/01/92	02/28/92
BAY105	08/16/89	08/31/89	BAY154	03/01/92	03/15/92
BAY106	09/01/89	09/15/89	BAY155	03/16/92	03/31/92
BAY107	09/16/89	09/30/89	BAY156	04/01/92	04/15/92
BAY108	10/01/89	10/15/89	BAY157	04/16/92	04/30/92
BAY109	10/16/89	10/31/89	BAY158	05/01/92	05/15/92
BAY110	11/01/89	11/30/89	BAY159	05/16/92	05/31/92
BAY111	12/01/89	12/31/89	BAY160	06/01/92	06/15/92
BAY112	01/01/90	01/31/90	BAY161	06/16/92	06/30/92
BAY113	02/01/90	02/28/90	BAY162	07/01/92	07/15/92
BAY114	03/01/90	03/15/90	BAY163	07/16/92	07/31/92
BAY115	03/16/90	03/31/90	BAY164	08/01/92	08/15/92
BAY116	04/01/90	04/15/90	BAY165	08/16/92	08/31/92
BAY117	04/16/90	04/30/90	BAY166	09/01/92	09/15/92
BAY118	05/01/90	05/15/90	BAY167	09/16/92	09/30/92
BAY119	05/16/90	05/31/90	BAY168	10/01/92	10/15/92
BAY120	06/01/90	06/15/90	BAY169	10/16/92	10/31/92
BAY121	06/16/90	06/30/90	BAY170	11/01/92	11/30/92
BAY122	07/01/90	07/15/90	BAY171	12/01/92	12/31/92
BAY123	07/16/90	07/31/90	BAY172	01/01/93	01/31/93
BAY124	08/01/90	08/15/90	BAY173	02/01/93	02/28/93
BAY125	08/16/90	08/31/90	BAY174	03/01/93	03/15/93
BAY126	09/01/90	09/15/90	BAY175	03/16/93	03/31/93
BAY127	09/16/90	09/30/90	BAY176	04/01/93	04/15/93
BAY128	10/01/90	10/15/90	BAY177	04/16/93	04/30/93
BAY129	10/16/90	10/31/90	BAY178	05/01/93	05/15/93
BAY130	11/01/90	11/30/90	BAY179	05/16/93	05/31/93
BAY131	12/01/90	12/31/90	BAY180	06/01/93	06/15/93
BAY132	01/01/91	01/31/91	BAY181	06/16/93	06/30/93
BAY133	02/01/91	02/28/91	BAY182	07/01/93	07/15/93
BAY134	03/01/91	03/15/91	BAY183	07/01/93	07/13/93
BAY135	03/16/91	03/31/91	BAY184	08/01/93	08/15/93
פטוואם	03/10/31	00/01/01	DA 1 104	00/01/30	00/13/33

Table 3. Cruise Identifier (continued)

CRUISE	BEGINNING DATE	ENDING DATE	CRUISE	BEGINNING DATE	ENDING DATE
CRUISE  BAY185 BAY186 BAY187 BAY188 BAY189 BAY190 BAY191 BAY192 BAY193 BAY194 BAY195 BAY196 BAY197 BAY198 BAY199 BAY200 BAY201 BAY202			CRUISE  BAY211 BAY212 BAY213 BAY214 BAY215 BAY216 BAY217 BAY218 BAY219 BAY220 BAY221 BAY222 BAY223 BAY222 BAY223 BAY224 BAY225 BAY226 BAY227 BAY228		
BAY203 BAY204 BAY205 BAY206 BAY207 BAY208 BAY209 BAY210	07/16/94 08/01/94 08/16/94 09/01/94 09/16/94 10/01/94 11/01/94	07/31/94 08/15/94 08/31/94 09/15/94 09/30/94 10/15/94 10/31/94 11/30/94	BAY229 BAY230 BAY231	10/16/95 11/01/95 12/01/95	10/31/95 11/30/95 12/31/95

Table 4. Chesapeake Bay Program Segment Designation (**SEGMENT**). This code identifies the Chesapeake Bay Segment from which the sample was taken. Due to controversy about the segmentation systems, these codes are not reported in current Living Resources data sets. However, segment codes are used in other CBP Monitoring data sets and are included here for the conveyance of the data user. The acceptable codes are given below.

CB1 Susquehanna Flats Upper portion of the Chesapeake Bay mainstem CB2 CB3 Upper-most Estuarine zone in mainstem of the Chesapeake Bay CB4 Upper portion of the central Chesapeake Bay mainstem CB5 Central portion of the mainstem of the Chesapeake Bay CB6 Lower west-central mainstem of the Chesapeake Bay CB7 Lower east-central mainstem of the Chesapeake Bay Southern-most segment of the Chesapeake Bay CB8 ET1 Northeast River ET2 Elk River and Bohemia River ET3 Sassafras River ET4 Chester River ET5 Choptank River ET6 Nanticoke River ET7 Wicomico River ET8 Manokin River ET9 Big Annemessex River ET10 Pocomoke River EE1 Eastern Bay, Miles River, and Wye River Choptank River, west of Castle Haven, including Tred Avon River, Broad Creek, Harris EE2 Creek, and the Little Choptank EE3 Tangier and Pocomoke Sounds LE1 Patuxent River- Lower Estuarine Segment LE2 Potomac River - Lower Estuarine Segment LE3 Rappahannock River - Lower Estuarine Segment LE4 York River - Lower Estuarine Segment LE5 James River - Lower Estuarine Segment RET1 Patuxent River- Riverine-estuarine transition zone Potomac River - Riverine-estuarine transition zone RET2 RET3 Rappahannock River - Riverine-estuarine transition zone York River - Riverine-estuarine transition zone RET5 James River- Riverine-estuarine transition zone TF1 Patuxent River- Tidal Freshwater Segment TF2 Potomac River- Tidal Freshwater Segment TF3 Rappahannock River - Tidal Freshwater Segment TF4 York River-Tidal Freshwater Segment TF5 James River-Tidal Freshwater Segment WT1 **Bush River** WT2 Gunpowder River WT3 Middle River and Seneca Creek WT4 **Back River** WT5 Patapsco River WT6 Magothy River WT7 Severn River WT8 South, Rhode, and West Rivers

WE4

Mobjack Bay

Table 5. Tributary Code (**TRIB\_COD**). This is a three character code describing the position of a samping station by tributary or mainstem. The codes for this field are as follows:

**Baltimore Harbor** BAL BAY Main Bay CHP Choptank River CHS **Chester River** ELZ Elizabeth River JAM James River PAX Patuxnet River POT Potomac River **RAP** Rappahanock River TAN **Tangier River** York River YRK

Table 6. Cloud Cover (**CLOUD**). This one digit code describes the type of cloud coverage during a sampling period. If these data are collected, they are located in the EVENT DATA FILE. Possible values for this field are:

1.1	Not Recorded	
0	Clear	0 to 10 %
1	Scattered to Partly	10 to 50 %
2	Partly to Broken	50 to 90 %
3	Overcast	GT 90 %
4	Foggy	
5	Hazy	
6	Clouds:	No % given

Table 7. Precipitation Identifier (**PRECIP**). This code describes the weather conditions encountered during a sampling period. If these data are collected, they are located in the EVENT DATA FILE. The possible values for this field are given below.

' Not Recorded
10 None
11 Drizzle
12 Rain
13 Rain, heavy
14 Squally
15 Frozen Precipitation

Table 8. Tidal Stage (**TIDE**). This code describes the tidal state during the sampling period. If these data are collected, they are located in the EVENT DATA FILE. The possible values for this field are given below.

- '' Not recorded/not applicable
- E Ebb tide (stage of water movement from a higher to a lower level)
- F Flood tide (stage of water movement from a lower to higher level)
- L Low slack tide (stage of water where the level is below mean and velocity approaches zero)
- H High slack tide (stage of water where the level is above mean and velocity approaches zero)

Table 9. Wave Height (WAVHGT). This code describes the height of the wave during a sampling period. If these data are collected, they are located in the EVENT DATA FILE. Possible values for this field are given below:

- '' Not Recorded
- 0 0 to 0.1 Meters Calm
- 1 0.1 to 0.3 Meters
- 2 0.3 to 0.6 Meters
- 3 0.6 to 1.0 Meters
- 4 1.0 to 1.3 Meters
- 5 GT 1.3 Meters

Table 10. Wind Direction (**WINDIR**). This code describes the predominant direction of the wind. If these data are collected, they are located in the EVENT DATA FILE. Possible values for this field are given below:

- '' Not Recorded
- N 0 degrees, winds from the NORTH
- NNE 22.5 degrees, winds from the NORTH NORTHEAST
- NE 45 degrees, winds from the NORTHEAST
- ENE 67.5 degrees, winds from the EAST NORTHEAST
- E 90 degrees, winds from the EAST
- ESE 112.5 degrees, winds from the EAST SOUTHEAST
- SE 135 degrees, winds from the SOUTHEAST
- SSE 157.5 degrees, winds from the SOUTH SOUTHEAST
- S 180 degrees, winds from the SOUTH
- SSW 202.5 degrees, winds from the SOUTH SOUTHWEST
- SW 225 degrees, winds from the SOUTHWEST
- WSW 247.5 degrees, winds from the WEST SOUTHWEST
- W 270 degrees, winds from the WEST
- WNW 292.5 degrees, winds from the WEST NORTHWEST
- NW 315 degrees, winds from the NORTHWEST
- NNW 337.5 degrees, winds from the NORTH NORTHWEST

Table 11. Wind Speed (**WINDSPD**). This code describes the predominant speed of the wind during a sampling period. If these data are collected, they are located in the EVENT DATA FILE. Possible values for this field are given below.

- '' Not Recorded
- 0 0 knots to 1 knot Calm
- 1 greater than 1 knot to 10 knots
- 2 greater than 10 knots to 20 knots
- 3 greater than 20 knots to 30 knots
- 4 greater than 30 knots to 40 knots
- 5 greater than 40 knots

Table 12. Site Selection Type (**SITETYPE**). This code tells the user how a sampling site was selected.

- F Fixed Location Sampling Site
- M Randomly selected site within Chesapeake Bay mainstem
- R Randomly selected site within a habitat strata

Table 13. Salinity Zone (**SALZONE**). Salinity zone layer code. If these data are collected, they are located in the EVENT DATA FILE.

- F Freshwater less than 0.5 ppt
- O Oligohaline 0.5 5.0 ppt
- M Mesohaline 5.0 18.0 ppt
- P Polyhaline 18.0 32.0 ppt
- N Not Recorded

Table 14. Sample Collection Type (**COLTYPE**). Sample collection method code.

- C Composite
- D Discrete

Table 15. Sample Layer (LAYER). This code is used to describe the water layer being sampled.

- S Surface
- M Middle
- B Bottom
- SE Sediment
- SW Sediment/water interface (0 1cm)
- AP Above pycnocline
- BP Below pycnocline
- AT Above thermocline
- BT Below thermocline
- AE Above euphotic zone
- BE Below euphotic zone
- Ml Microlayer
- WC Whole Water column

#### Table 16. Sampling Gear (GMETHOD). Sampling gear collection code.

Hand Collection 1 2 Dredge 3 Artificial Substrate (Unspecified) 4 **Diatometer Slides** 5 Clarke-Bumpus Sampler 6 Plankton Trap (Unspecified) 7 Plankton Pump (Unspecified) 8 Plankton Net (Unspecified) 9 Plankton Net (500 micron mesh) 10 Plankton Net (No. 20 size - 80 micron mesh 11 Plankton Net (10 micron mesh) 12 Beam plankton line 13 Anchor dredge 14 Hydraulic grab (1200 square centimeters) 15 Hand core (45 square centimeters) 16 Post-hole digger (25 square centimeters) 17 Ponar grab (200 square centimeters) 18 Ponar grab (1000 square centimeters) 19 Ponar grab (50 square centimeters, .05 m\*\*2) 20 Box corer grab (unspecified) 21 Van veen grab (.07 m\*\*2) 22 Shipek grab (.04 m\*\*2) 23 Seine haul (unspecified) 24 Smith-Macintire grab (1000 square centimeters) 25 Seine net (15ft, 1/8 inch stretch mesh) 26 Seine net (50ft, 1/2 inch stretch mesh) 27 Seine net (50ft, 1/4 inch stretch mesh) 28 Seine net (200ft, 1/2 inch stretch mesh - net 200 x 20) 29 Seine net (10ft, 1/4 inch stretch mesh - net 10 x 4) 30 Trawl (unspecified) 31 Trawl - 6ft otter trawl, 1 inch stretch mesh with 1/2 inch cod end inner liner. 32 Trawl - 25ft otter trawl, 1 1/4 inch stretch mesh with 1/2 inch cod end inner liner. 33 Trawl - 15ft semi-balloon 34 2 mm mesh 1 square meter tucker trawl 35 36 Otter trawl - 16ft, 1/2 inch mesh (semi-balloon) 37 Trawl - 10ft otter trawl, 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) mesh with 500 um cod end liner 38 Trawl - 5ft midwater trawl, 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) mesh with 500 um cod end liner 39 Reserved for trawl sample 40 Trap net - 3ft x 6ft, 1/2 inch mesh, 50ft lead 42 Eckman dredge 43 Cage 44 Catfish trap 45 Crayfish trap 46 Crab trap 47 Animal trap 48 Hook and line fishing 49 Dip net 50 Diver 54 Pound net 55 Epifauna panels

56 Reserved 57 Reserved 58 Reserved 59 Reserved 60 Endico current meter 61 Branco current meter 62 Sediment trap array (6 3" X 30" cups, W.R.Boynton, CBL) 63 64 Bongo net (unspecified) 65 Purse seine 66 Fyke and hoop net 67 Pots 68 Box trap 69 Push net 70 Great Lakes shoal 1-2 inch 71 Great Lakes shoal 2-4 inch 72 Great lakes shoal 4-7 inch 73 Great lakes shoal 7-14 inch 74 Beam Trawl 75 Bongo net 202um mesh, 20 cm diameter opening 76 Bongo net 202um mesh, 50 cm diameter opening 77 Reserved 78 Slat trap 79 Reserved 80 Gill nets 81 0.06 meter squared spade box core 82 Reserved 83 Reserved 84 Reserved 85 Midwater trawl (unspecified) Drift gill net brails 86 87 Drift gill net flop 88 Drift gill net jugs 89 Electrofishing 90 Shore 91 Pick 92 Drift gill net (unspecified) Set gill net 93 94 Bottom trawl (unspecified) 95 Fish house Hydraulic Van Veen grab (1 square meter) 96 97 Young modified Van Veen grab (.1 square meter)

Petite Ponar grab (25 square centimeters, .025 m\*\*2)

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Table 17. NOAA Species Code (**NODCCODE**). Reference the NOAA-NODC taxonomic code version 7.0 released in January 1995. For the user's convenience, a subset of that code is provided in here. The complete listing of currently recognized Chesapeake Bay basin species may be found in file LRDISK:[LR.PUBLIC] NODCCODE.TXT or in the document *A Comprehensive List of Chesapeake Bay Basin Species*, 1996. NODC code tables are subject to revision on a semi annual basis. Please check the R\_DATE or version date of the species list to be sure you have the most current data set.

NODC TAXONOMIC C	ODE	LATIN NAME	COMMON NAME	
0000000404	ADI EN		ELAT NEEDLEELOU	
8803020101		INES HIANS THARCHUS POMOTIS	FLAT NEEDLEFISH MUD SUNFISH	
8835160101 3258090112	-	SACCHARINUM	SILVER MAPLE	
		NSER BREVIROSTRUM	SHORTNOSE STURGEON	
8729010104 1608020501		NOER BREVIROSTROW DHIELLA TENERA	TAPERED RED WEED	
			RED-WINGED BLACKBIRD	
9158320401		AIUS PHOENICEUS		
9112011002		LERICULATA	MANDARIN DUCK	
9112011001	AIX SP		WOOD DUCK	
8747010103		MEDIOCRIS	HICKORY SHAD	
8747010105		PSEUDOHARENGUS	ALEWIFE	
8747010101		SAPIDISSIMA	AMERICAN SHAD	
6179140102		US NORMANNI	GREEN SNAPPING SHRIMP	
8845010102		DYTES AMERICANUS	AMERICAN SAND LANCE	
9112010903	_	RUBRIPES	AMERICAN BLACK DUCK	
6188030107		ER BOREALIS	JONAH CRAB	
8835020301		ROPRISTIS STRIATA	BLACK SEA BASS	
0902010103		A BRAUNII	MUSKGRASS	
		EA HARENGUS HARENGUS	ATLANTIC HERRING	
5123030101		A CATULUS	KITTY-CAT SEA SLUG	
6118200201	_	EMORA AFFINIS	CALANOID COPEPOD	
8850030102		NNUS ALLETTERATUS	LITTLE TUNNY	
3703180304		ACTINIA ECHINATA	SNAIL FUR	
3305010901		LLA VERTICILLATA	HYDRILLA	
9128020108		SARGENTATUS	HERRING GULL	
9002040401	LEPIDO	OCHELYS KEMPI	KEMP'S RIDLEY TURTLE	
6169060701	LEPTO	CHEIRUS PLUMULOSUS	COMMON BURROWER AMPHIPOD	
9002030301	MALAC	CLEMYS TERRAPIN	DIAMONDBACK TERRAPIN	
330605010603 POTAMOGETON PERFOLIATUS				
	BUPLE	UROIDES	REDHEAD GRASS	

Table 18. Life Stage (**LIFE\_STG**). Life stage code for biological monitoring of fish and zooplankton.

' '	= Adult	36	= Reserved
00	= Egg (viable; for non-viable eggs use	37	= Reserved
	'90')	38	= Reserved
01	= Yolk Sac	39	= Reserved
02	= Fin fold	40	= Nauplii stage 1
03	= Post fin fold (full development of	41	= Nauplii stage 2
	second dorsal fin)	42	= Nauplii stage 3
04	= Young of the year year class 0	43	= Nauplii stage 4
05	= Specimens in year class 1 or older	44	= Nauplii stage 5
06	= Juveniles and adults	45	= Nauplii stage 6
07	= Larvae, juveniles and adults	46	= Copepodite stage 1
80	= Larvae and juveniles	47	= Copepodite stage 2
09	= Reserved for future use	48	= Copepodite stage 3
10	= Nauplii or copepodites	49	= Copepodite stage 4
11	= Nauplii	50	= Copepodite stage 5
12	= Copepodite	51	= Copepodite stage 6
13	= Orthonauplii stage 1-3	80	= Molted
14	= Metanauplii stage 4-6	81	= Unmolted
15	= Copepodite stage 1-3	90	= Egg, non-viable
16	= Copepodite stage 4-6	91	= Subadult
17	= Cypris Larvae	92	= Post larvae
18	= Reserved	93	= Juvenile
19	= Copepod eggs	94	= Taxon with count stored as volume in
20	= Nymph		milliliters
21	= Pupae	95	= Mature
22	= Pharate	96	= Immature
23	= Instar	97	= Larvae
24	= Naiad	98	= Adult (mature)
25	= Reserved		
26	= Reserved		
27	= Reserved		
28	= Reserved		
29	= Reserved		
30	= Prezoea		
31	= Zoea		
32	= Metazoea		
33	= Megalops		
34	= Reserved		
35	= Reserved		

Table 19. Gonad Index for bivalve populations (GONAD\_I). These codes were used to ensure that non-spawning bivalve organisms are being collected for use in lipophilic organic contaminant analyses (Batelle Ocean Sciences). These codes are not reported in current Living Resources data sets but are used in other CBP monitoring data sets. They are included here for the convience of the data user. The valid entries for this field are as follows:

GONAD_I	= (#Organisms in each stage x numerical ranking of each stage)  Total # of Organisms in Sample
Stage 0	= Resting or spent gonad - inactive or neuter including virgin.
Stage 1	= Developing gonad - gametogenesis has begun although no ripe gametes are visible or
	<ul><li>Spawning gonad - only residual gametes remain with some cytolysis.</li></ul>
Stage 2	= Developing gonad - ripe gametes with gonad one-third of final size
	or = Spawning gonad - gonad reduction with follicles about one-third full of ripe gametes.
Stage 3	<ul> <li>Developing gonad - equal portions of ripe and developing gametes with gonad one- half of final size</li> </ul>
	= Spawning gonad - gonad is half empty.
Stage 4	<ul> <li>Developing gonad - gametogenesis progressing, follicles contain mainly ripe gametes</li> </ul>
	or = Spawning gonad - active emission has begun
Stage 5	= Ripe gonad - distended follicles with ripe gametes.

Table 20. Biomass Measurement Type (AEAFDW). Biomass measurement type code.

A = Actual Measurement of Ash Free Dry WeightE = Estimated Ash Free Dry Weight

Table 21. Analytical Method Codes (associated with multiple field names, e.g. CHL\_F\_M, C14\_M). This alpha-numeric code which refers to a method of analysis is described in detail in CHESSEE. This table currently defines the methods for each parameter in the monitoring data dictionary which are used by the data collection institutions of the Chesapeake Bay Program. Codes relevant to living resources and biological data are as follows:

ALK101	NH4F05	PO4FF06	TKNFF02
ALK102	NH4F06	PO4FF07	TKNFF03
ALKF01	NH4F07	POC101	TKNFF04
ALKF02	NO2101	POC102	TKNFF05
BOD5101	NO2102	POC103	TKNFF06
BOD5F01	NO2103	POCF01	TKNW101
C14101	NO23101	PON101	TKNW101
CHLA101	NO23102	PON102	TKNW102
CHLA102	NO2F01	PON103	TKNW104
CHLA103	NO2F02	PONF01	TKNWF01
CHLAF01	NO2F03	SALINF01	TKNWF02
CHLAF02	NO2F04	SECCHIF01	TKNWF03
CHLAF03	NO2F05	SI101	TKNWF04
CHLAF04	NO3101	SI102	TKNWF05
CHLAF05	NO3102	SI103	TN101
CHLAF06	NO3103	SI104	TN102
CHLAF07	NO3104	SI105	TN103
CHLAF08	NO3105	SIF01	TOC101
CONDF01	NO3F01	SIF02	TOC102
DIN101	NO3F02	SIF03	TOCF01
DIN102	NO3F03	SIF04	TOCF02
DISOXY101	NO3F04	SIF05	TOCF03
DISOXYF01	NO3F05	SOE101	TOCF04
DISOXYF02	NO3F06	TCOLI101	TOCF05
DOC101	PHEA101	TCOLIF01	TP101
DOC101	PHEA102	TCOLIF02	TP102
DOCF01	PHEAF01	TCOLIF03	TP103
DOCF02	PHEAF02	TDN101	TP104
DOCF03	PHEAF03	TDN102	TP105
DOCF04	PHEAF04	TDN103	TP106
DON101	PHEAF05	TDNF01	TPF01
DON102	PHEAF06	TDP101	TPF02
DOP101	PHEAF07	TDP102	TPF03
FCOLI101	PHEAF08	TDP103	TPF04
FCOLI102	PHF01	TDP104	TPF05
FCOLIF01	PHF02	TDPF01	TPF06
FCOLIF02	PHOSP101	TDPF02	TPF07
FSS101	PHOSP102	TDPF03	TSS101
FSSF01	PO4F101	TDPF04	TSSF01
NH4101	PO4F102	TDPF05	TSSF02
NH4102	PO4F103	TDPF06	TSSF03
NH4103	PO4F104	TDPF07	TSSF04
NH4104	PO4FF01	TKNF101	TSSF05
NH4F01	PO4FF02	TKNF102	TSSF06
NH4F02	PO4FF03	TKNF103	TVS101
NH4F03	PO4FF04	TKNF104	WTEMPF01
NH4F04	PO4FF05	TKNFF01	

#### Table 22. Analytical Instrument Codes (INS\_CODE). Instrument method codes.

AACHE Atomic Absorption, Chelation Extraction Technique

AACV Atomic Absorption, Cold Vapor Technique
AAFLAM Atomic Absorption, Direct Aspiration Technique
AAGF Atomic Absorption, Graphite Furnace Technique
AAHYD Atomic Absorption, Gaseous Hydride Technique

AE Atomic Emission
AF Atomic Fluorescence
AMSCTD Applied Microsystem CTD.
AUTOA Auto-Analyzer (e.g., Technicon)
BECKRS-5 Beckman RS-5 Salinometer.

COLOR Ultraviolet/Visible Spectrophotometer

CTD In-situ probe (Field) FLUOR Fluorometer

GC/ECD Gas Chromatograph with Electron Capture Detection GC/FID Gas Chromatograph with Flame Ionization Detection GC/EC Gas Chromatograph with Electron Capture Detection GC/MS Gas Chromatograph with Mass Spectrophotometer GC/HECD Gas Chromatograph with Hall Electrolyte Conduction

GC Gas Chromatograph

GC/PID Gas Chromatograph with Photo ionization Detection

GRAV Gravimetric

HACH16300 Hach Portable cond. meter, Model 16300-00.

HL60 Hydrolab Model 60. HL8000 Hydrolab 8000. HLS4000 Hydrolab 4000.

HLSII Hydrolab. (Hydrolab 4000 or Surveyor II)

HPLC/FL High Performance Liquid Chromatograph/Fluorescence
HPLC/EC High Performance Liquid Chromatograph/Electrochemical
HPLC/UV High Performance Liquid Chromatograph/Ultraviolet

HSSVR2 Hydrolab SVR2-SU. IC Ion Chromatograph

ICP/MS Inductively Coupled Plasma/Mass Spectrophotometer ICP Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission Spec.

IR Infrared Detection
ISE Ion Selective Electrode

KITS Field Kits (e.g., Hach or CHEMetrics' or PCB comm. field kits)

PHMETER PH Meter

POA/FID Portable Organic Analyzer, Flame Ionization (e.g., Foxboro OVA)
POA/PID Portable Organic Analyzer, Photo ionization (e.g., HNU, Photovac)

SCINT Scintillation Counter

TEM Transmission Electron Microscope

THERMO Thermometer TITRA Titration

UNLISTED Instrument not listed

WET Analysis by Classical Wet Method

XRF/F X-Ray Fluorescence, Field Portable or Transportable

XRF/L X-Ray Fluorescence, Laboratory Scale Model

YSI33 YSI 33 S-C-T (back up).

YSI54 YSI Model 54.
YSI57 YSI Model 57
YSI59 YSI Model 54.
YSI85 YSI Model 58.
YSIS4 YSI S4ARC.

Table 23. Reported Units (UNITS). This parameter describes the units in which a substance is measured. Some of the possible values for this field are as follows:

= Parts per hundred; percent absorbance = Spectrometer absorbance

= Centimeters cm = Counts per minute cpm cfs = Cubic feet per second Deg C = Degrees Celsius

= Grams

g g/m\*\*2/day g/m\*\*2/yr = Grams per square meter per day = Grams per square meter per year

= Liters = Meters m = Milligrams

m mg mg/kg mg/l mg/m\*\*2 Milligrams per kilogram (ppm) = Milligrams per liter (ppm) = Milligrams per square meter

mg/m\*\*2/day = Milligrams per square meter per day

= Milligrams per cubic meter mg/m\*\*3 mg/sample = Milligrams per sample

ml = Milliliters mm = Millimeters

MPN/100ml Most Probable Number (Coliform)

mV = Millivolts

 Nanograms per liter ng/l number/m\*\*2 number/m\*\*3 NTU = Number per square meter = Number per cubic meter NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Units

pCi/kg wet pCi/liter = Picocuries per kilogram = Picocuries per liter phi = Sediment particle size = Parts per billion ppb ppm = Parts per million

= Parts per thousand (0/00) ppt

= Parts per trillion pptr = Standard units su ug/g = Micrograms per gram

ug/kg = Micrograms per kilogram (ppb) = Micrograms per liter (ppb) ug/l um/cm = Micro mhos per centimeter

Table 24. Replicate Type (**REP\_TYPE**). This character code identifies sample types, and kinds and levels of sample replication. It is usually used in conjunction with REP\_NUM. The current valid entries are as follows:

CTRL = Control sample FLD = Field replicate LAB = Laboratory replicate

= Field and laboratory replicates in data set FL

= Method comparison METH SPK Spike sample = Field split SPLT

Table 25. Sampling Media Type. These codes are not reported in current Living Resources data sets but are used in other CBP Monitoring data sets. They are included here for the convience of the data user. The valid entries for this field are as follows:

MICROL = Microlayer (0 - .5cm) WATCOL = Water column SEDSAM = Sediment sample (other than core) SEDCOR = Sediment core SEDH2O = Core head water SEDTRP = Sediment trap = Sediment/water interface SEDWAT WATINT = Interstitial water

Table 26. Sediment bottom codes (**BOTTYPE1**, **BOTTYPE2**). These codes are not reported in current Living Resources data sets but are used in other CBP Monitoring data sets. They are included here for the convience of the data user. The valid entries for this field are as follows:

CL = Clay GR = Gravel MD = Mud RK = Rocks SN = Sand SH = Shell SL = Silt RB = Rubble UN = Unknown

Table 27. Detection Limit Codes (associated with multiple field names, e.g. CHL\_F\_D, C14\_D). This one-character code indicates when the value of the parameter is outside the detection limits of the method being used. The valid entries for this field are as follows:

Less than the detection limit of the method
 Not recorded/not applicable/parameter value acceptable
 Trace (less than an unknown detectable value)
 Estimated value
 Not detected
 Greater than zero

Table 28. Analysis Problem Code. This letter code describes the problem associated with a questionable parameter value. These codes are not reported in current Living Resources data sets but are used in other CBP Monitoring data sets. They are included here for the convience of the data user. The valid entries for this field are as follows:

A = Laboratory accident

B = Interference

C = Mechanical/materials failure

D = Insufficient sample

E = Sample received too late

F = Sample too old when received

H = Analysis run by another lab

J = Wrong type sample (e.g., filtered sample requesting TSS)

K = Sample frozen when received (results questionable)

M = Sample received warm

N = Sample lost

P = Lost results

R = Sample contaminated

S = Sample container broken during analysis

T = No phaeophytin in sample

U = Matrix problem which is the result of the interrelationship between variables such as pH and ammonia

V = Sample results rejected due to QA/QC criteria

W = Duplicate results for all parameters

X = Sample not preserved properly

Y = Analyzed in duplicate, results below detection limit

Z = Analyzed by method of standard additions

AA = Sample thawed when received

BB = Torn filter pad

CC = Pad unfolded in foil pouch

DD = Assumed sample size (sample size not reported)

EE = Foil pouch very wet when received from field, therefore poor replication between pads, mean reported

FF = Poor replication between pads, mean reported

GG = Sample received after holding time, therefore results are questionable

HH = Sample not taken

JJ = Amount filtered not recorded (therefore calculation could not be done)

KK = Parameter test not required for study

LL = Mislabeled

MM = Over 20% of sample adhered to pouch and outside of pad

NN = Particulates found in filtered sample

PP = Assumed sample volume (pouch volume differs from data sheet volume pouch volume used)

QQ = Although value exceeds a theoretically equivalent or greater value (e.g., PO4F>TDP), the excess is within precision of analytical techniques and therefore not statistically significant.

RR = No sample received

Table 29. Agency Species Codes (**SPECCODE**). Many of the agencies reporting data containing species information have developed their own inhouse species codes. All of these codes are found in the SPECCODE column of a given data type. Codes will vary by agency and data type. The agency code column in most cases has been given the agency name code in the data documentation. The valid alternate field names for SPECCODE are as follows:

ANSCODE = Academy of Natural Sciences, Benidict Estuarine Reseach Laboratory

VERCODE = Versar Incorporated-Maryland Power Plant Siting Codes

ODUCODE = Old Dominion University Species Code

VIIMSCODE = Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences Species Codes

The 1996 Users Guide to CBP Biological and Living Resources Monitoring Data

## APPENDIX D

# CHESAPEAKE BAY PROGRAM DATA REQUEST FORM

September 1996

Individuals without user accounts on CHESIE, users wishing to obtain SAS conversion scripts or users wishing to obtain the data files in dBASE (.dbf) format can request data sets directly from the Biological Monitoring Data Manager. All requests must be made in writing. A data request form is provided in this Appendix and can be sent to:

Ms. Jacqueline Johnson Biological Monitoring Data Manager Chesapeake Bay Program Data Center 410 Severn Appendence Suite 109

Annapolis, MD 21403

Phone (local): 410-267-5729

Phone (long distance): 800-968-7229, ext. 729

FAX: 410-267-5777

E-mail: JJOHNSON@CHESIE.ANN.EPA.GOV

The data form may be copied. Please request only one data set per form. Requests for data other than living resources data may be made on this form but should be mailed to the Chesapeake Bay Program Data Center Manager:

Mr. Lowell Bahner Data Center Manager Chesapeake Bay Program Data Center 410 Severn Avenue, Suite 109 Annapolis, MD 21403

Phone (long distance): 1-800-968-7229, ext. 671

FAX: 410-267-5777

E-mail: LBAHNER@CHESIE.ANN.EPA.GOV

CHESAPEAKE BAY PROGRAM 410 Severn Avenue, Suite 109 Annapolis, MD 21403 1-800- your-bay Fax 1-410-267-5777

#### DATA ACCESS FORM

DATE REQUESTED:
SUBMITTED BY:
REQUESTED FOR:
ORGANIZATION:
CHESAPEAKE BAY PROGRAM SUB-COMMITTEE AFFILIATION:
ADDRESS:
HONE: _( EXT
INTERNET ADDRESS:
DESCRIPTION OF DATA AND ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION REQUESTED
INTENDED DATA USAGE:
FORMAT OF DATA TO BE RELEASED POINT DATA FORMATS (CHECK ALL APPROPRIATE):
3 1/4" DISK FTP pkzip mime compression
COMMA DELIMITED ASCII TAB DELIMITED ASCII DBF
GIS FORMATS (CHECK ALL APPROPRIATE):
COVERAGE ARC/INFO EXPORT UNIX TAR 8 MM TAPE
GZIP UNIX COMPRESSION FTP 0 150MB QIC TAPE
I, THE DATA REQUESTOR, AGREE TO ACKNOWLEDGE THE CHESAPEAKE BAY PROGRAM AND ANY OTHER AGENCIES AND INSTITUTIONS AS SPECIFIED BY THE CHESAPEAKE BAY PROGRAM OFFICE AS DATA PROVIDERS. I AGREE TO CREDIT THE DATA ORIGINATORS IN ANY PUBLICATIONS, REPORTS OR PRESENTATIONS GENERATED FROM THIS DATA.
SIGNATURE OF DATA REQUESTOR: NO DATA REQUEST WILL BE HONORED WITH OUT SIGNATURE
TO DATA REQUEST WILL BE HOMORED WITH OUT SIGNATURE

#### APPENDIX E

## DATA ACQUISITION PRIORITIES

September 1996

In 1995, the Living Resources/Monitoring Workgroup prioritized the *categories* of biological monitoring data believed to be critically important to CBP activities (Table 1). The workgroup recommended that key data sets in these categories be made available from the CBP Data Center. Living Resources Subcommittee staff are using this prioritized list of data categories as a guide for obtaining living resources and biological monitoring data for the Data Center. The list was updated at the January 16, 1996 Living Resources Subcommittee meeting.

Table 1. Categories of biological monitoring data which the Living Resources/Monitoring Workgroup recommends should be available from the CBP Data Center. This table reflects changes made at the January 16, 1996 Living Resources Subcommittee meeting.

#### High Priority Data Sets:

Phytoplankton<sup>1</sup>
Zooplankton<sup>1</sup>
Benthos<sup>1</sup>
Seine Surveys - MD, VA, DC<sup>2</sup>
Trawl Surveys - MD, VA, DC<sup>2</sup>
Fish Passage<sup>2</sup>
Blue crab surveys<sup>2</sup>
Oyster surveys<sup>2</sup>
Water bird concentrations and distributions<sup>2</sup>
SAV<sup>3</sup>

### Medium Priority Data Sets:

Light (Photosynthetically Active Radiation [PAR], possibly PAR at depth) Stream surveys<sup>2</sup> RMAP<sup>2</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> Data sets which have been restructured (relational database with standard CBP field names), QA/QC, documented and are presently available on CHESIE at the CBP Data Center. These monitoring data are sponsored or matched by the Chesapeake Bay Program and as such are required to be available at the Data Center in a standardized, relational database structure.
- <sup>2</sup> The Living Resources Monitoring Workgroup tentatively agreed that construction of relational databases for the basin's diverse biological data sets was worth the additional effort. Numerous problems were foreseen in trying to provide common fields for, for example, organisms sampled at different times although possible solutions to the problems were also discussed. The Biological Monitoring Data Manager will be trying in the next year to put data for fish surveys and water bird concentrations and distributions in a relational database system. Her success or failure will help the workgroup decide if this is a reasonable goal.
- <sup>3</sup> SAV data and documentation are generated and managed by the Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences(VIMS). Data is maintained as Geographic Information System (GIS) data layers and are available on VIMS Internet Home Page. Pointers on the CBP Home Page are available to direct users to the VIMS Home Page for the SAV data.

#### Background

This document is one of several CBP products designed to implement the management goals set forth in the Living Resources Monitoring Plan (Chesapeake Bay Program Agreement Commitment Report, July 1988) and adopted by the Executive Council. As called for in the 1987 Chesapeake Bay Agreement, the Plan provides a framework for a bay-wide, core living resources monitoring program based on existing programs. The Plan was viewed as one step towards the goal of full integration of living resources, habitat and water quality monitoring.

The Plan specifically charges the CBP with instituting a data management and reporting system for the core living resources monitoring program. The system would build on the facilities of the existing CBP Computer Center and ultimately provide:

- a large quantity of consistent data of known quality, in standardized formats and structures;
- ready access to the data for analytical and reporting purposes; and
- thorough data documentation.

The Plan recognized that monitoring programs cannot achieve their ultimate goals of providing information to the Bay community and serving the restoration and management of the Bay if their data are inaccessible, poorly managed, inadequately documented, or not analyzed or reported in a timely manner.

In response to the charge, and to a restructuring of the Computer Center in 1993, the Living Resources Subcommittee hired three staff to continue implementing a data management and reporting system for biological and living resources monitoring data. These staff are responsible for a) creating, maintaining and updating key databases and GIS coverages, b) facilitating use of the databases and coverages, and c) providing data analysis support to the Living Resources Subcommittee and other CBP participants. Contact the Living Resources Subcommittee Coordinator (Carin Bisland) at 1-800-YOURBAY for more information.